

# SERVICE MANUAL

## CS-1577A

DUAL TRACE OSCILLOSCOPE



# FEATURE

The Model CS-1577A Dual-Trace Oscilloscope is an accurate, professional instrument with its primary applications in engineering design labs, factory test and analysis centers, and well-equipped service shops or field service facilities. Rectangular, domed CRT provides constant electron beam length. Internal  $8 \times 10$  division graticule reduces parallax error. Mesh type acceleration provide fine trace for accurate measurements. 6 kV mesh-type acceleration and bright phosphors permit waveforms to be viewed at trace duty cycle of 0.1% or less.

DC to 35 MHz bandwidth and 10 nsec rise time assure distortion-free, high-resolution presentation at high frequencies. Smooth roll-off makes scope usable well above 35 MHz. Distortion-free display of signals up to 35 MHz on full area of the CRT screen.

SINGLE mode allow push button to enable a single sweep which will begin at the next sync trigger.  $\times 5$ MAG of horizontal sweep allows close-up examination of any portion of the waveform. In addition, the  $\times 5$ MAG provides maximum sweep speed of 20 nsec/div. CH2 input can be applied as horizontal deflection (X axis) while CH1 input provides vertical deflection (Y axis). A selectable sync pulses at sweep speeds of 0.1 ms/div and slower for viewing television frames and horizontal sync pulses at sweep times of  $50 \mu\text{s}/\text{div}$  and faster for viewing television line. FIX mode automatically fixes sync level at center of sync signal, regardless of setting of LEVEL control.

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# SPECIFICATIONS

## Cathode Ray Tube

**Type:**  
140CGB31 (rectangular CRT, internal graticule)

**Acceleration voltage:**  
Approx. 6 kV

**Scale:**  
8 div × 10 div (1 div = 9.5 mm)

## Vertical Axis (CH1 and CH2)

**Deflection factor:**  
2 mV/div-10 V/div ± 3%, at 10-30°C,  
± 5%, at 0-40°C

**Attenuator:**  
12 steps in 1-2-5 sequence, 2 mV/div-10 V/div, with variable control for fully adjustable sensitivity between steps.

**Input impedance:**  
1 MΩ ± 2% shunted by 22 pF ± 3 pF

**Frequency response:**  
DC DC-35 MHz (-3 dB)  
AC 5 Hz-35 MHz (-3 dB)

**Rise Time:**  
10 nsec. or less

**Over-shoot:**  
3% or less (100 kHz square wave)

**Cross-talk:**  
Better than -60 dB (alternate operation)  
Better than -40 dB (chop operation)

**Operating modes:**

CH1	CH1 only
CH2	CH2 only
DUAL	Dual trace
ADD	Single trace algebraic sum of CH1 and CH2 (single trace algebraic difference of CH1 and CH2 when CH2 signal is inverted)
X-Y	X axis; CH2 Y axis; CH1

### Dual-trace Changeover:

ALT is effected when TRIG SOURCE is ALT or NORM-CHOP is NORM and SWEEP TIME/DIV is 0.5 ms/div-0.1 μs/div.  
CHOP is effected (about 350 kHz switching) in other modes.

### Invert polarity:

CH2 only

### Signal delay time:

Approx. 10 nsec. (on CRT screen)

### Maximum Undistorted Amplitude:

500 Vp-p or 250 V (DC + AC)

## Horizontal Amplifier (CH2 input)

### Operating modes:

X-Y changeover with vertical MODE switch  
CH1: Y axis CH2: X axis

### Deflection Factor:

Same as vertical (CH1)

### Input impedance:

Same as vertical (CH1)

### Frequency response:

DC: DC-2 MHz (-3 dB)  
AC: 5 Hz-2 MHz (-3 dB)

### X-Y phase difference:

Less than 3° at 100 kHz

## Sweep Circuit

### Sweep system:

SINGLE	Single sweep
NORM	Triggering sweep
AUTO	Triggering sweep and auto free-run sweep in absence of trigger signal.
FIX	The triggering level is automatically set to the center of the input signal level.

### Sweep time:

0.1 μs/div-0.5s/div ± 3%, in 21 steps, in 1-2-5 sequence, Each overlapping range provides for fine adjustment.

### Magnifier:

5 times ± 5%

### Linearity:

Better than ± 3% (10% at × 5MAG)

## Triggering

### Source (Internal):

ALT  
CH1 trigger in CH1 and ADD mode.  
CH2 trigger in CH2 mode.  
Alternate CH1 and CH2 trigger in DUAL mode.  
CH1: CH1 trigger regardless of mode.  
CH2: CH2 trigger regardless of mode.

### Source (External):

EXT 1/10: 10: 1 attenuation  
EXT 1: No attenuation

### External triggering input voltage:

50 V (DC + AC peak)

### Triggering system:

SINGLE, NORM, AUTO; Manual sync  
FIX; Auto sync

### Slope:

Positive or negative

### Coupling:

AC, LF Rej, HF Rej, VIDEO, DC,  
LINE, and FRAME are automatically switched by SWEEP TIME/DIV  
LINE; VIDEO-Line; 0, 1 μs/div-50 μs/div  
FRAME; VIDEO-Frame; 0.1 ms/div-0.5s/div

# SPECIFICATIONS

## Sensitivity:

Triggering mode in SINGLE or NORM

Coupling	Bandwidth (Hz)	Minimum sync. voltage		
		INT (div)	EXT1/10 (Vp-p)	EXT1 (Vp-p)
AC	50~15M	0.5	3	0.3
	10~40M	0.8	3	0.3
VIDEO	VIDEO	1	5	0.5
DC	DC~15M	0.5	3	0.3
	DC~40M	0.8	3	0.3

HF REJ: Attenuate above 100 kHz

LF REJ: Attenuate below 10 kHz

TRIGGERING MODE	Bandwidth (Hz)	Minimum sync. voltage		
		INT (div)	EXT1/10 (Vp-p)	EXT1 (Vp-p)
AUTO	100~15M	0.5	3	0.3
	50~40M	0.8	3	0.3
FIX	100~15M	0.5	3	0.3
	50~40M	0.8	3	0.3

## HOLDOFF

NORM-MAX (Continuously variable from zero more than ten times)

## Calibrating voltage

0.1 Vp-p  $\pm$  3%, positive polarity

Reference level 0 V (1 kHz  $\pm$  3% square wave)

## Intensity Modulation

### Input voltage:

TTL level (more than 2.5 Vp-p)

### Input impedance:

10 k $\Omega$

### Bandwidth:

DC-5 MHz

### Maximum input voltage

50V (DC + AC peak)

## Trace rotation

Trace angle is adjustable by panel surface adjuster.

## Power Requirements

### Power supply voltage:

AC 100/120/220/240V  $\pm$  10%, 50/60 Hz

### Power consumption

Approx. 45 W

## Dimensions

Width 260 mm (277 mm)

Height 190 mm (204 mm)

Depth 375 mm (440 mm, max)

Figures in ( ) show maximum size.

## Weight

9.1 kg

## Accessories

Instruction manual .....	1
Replacement fuse	
0.5 A .....	2
0.8 A .....	2
AC power cord .....	1
Probe (PC-22) .....	2
Attenuation: Combination 10:1 and direct	
Input Impedance: 10 M $\Omega$ , 18 pF or less	

# SPECIFICATIONS

## CRT 140CGB31 SPECIFICATION

### Screen and Shape

#### Dimensions:

Overall length: 310 mm or less

Diagonal: Max  $143.5 \pm 1.5$  mm

#### Screen shape:

Rectangular, flat face, internal graticule

#### Deflection and focusing system:

Electrostatic deflection

Electrostatic focusing

Post-deflection acceleration

#### Fluorescence:

Green

#### Persistence:

Medium short

### Heating

#### Heater voltage:

6.3 V

#### Heater current:

0.24 A

### Maximum Ratings

#### 3rd plate voltage ( $E_{b3}$ ):

Max 6500 V

#### 2nd plate voltage ( $E_{b2}$ ):

Max 1800 V

#### 2nd grid voltage ( $E_{c2}$ ):

Max 1700 V

#### 1st grid voltage ( $E_{c1}$ ):

Max 200 V

#### Cathode to heater voltage ( $E_{hk}$ ):

Max 125 V

#### Voltage between 2nd plate and any deflection plate:

Max 500 V

### Display area:

$95.0 \times 76.0$  mm<sup>2</sup>

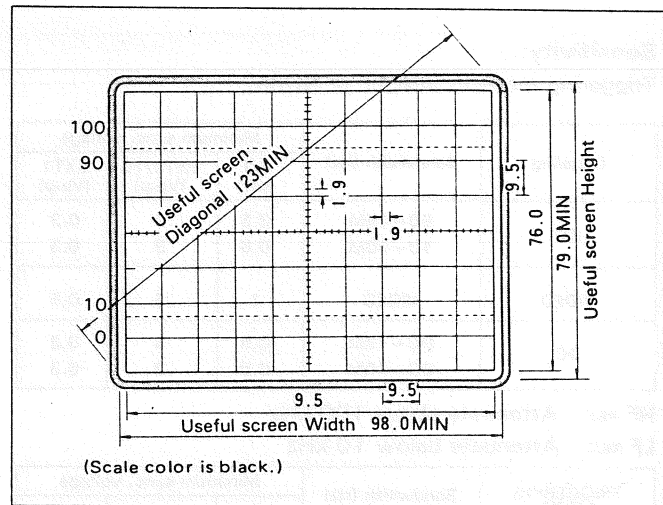


Fig. 1 140CGB31 Graticule

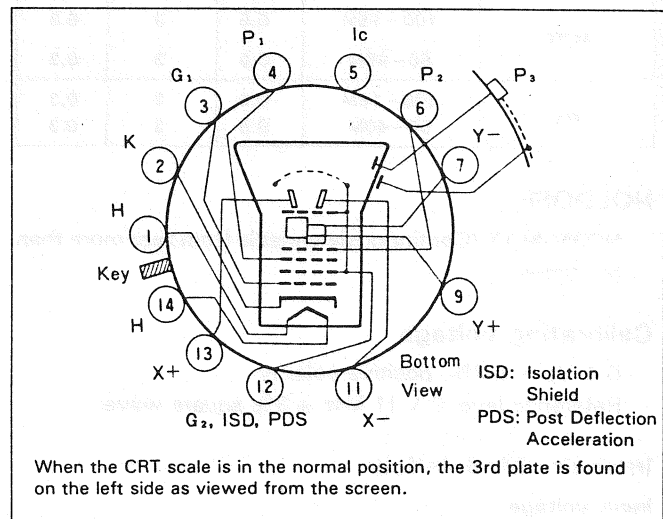


Fig. 2 140CGB31 Basing

# CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

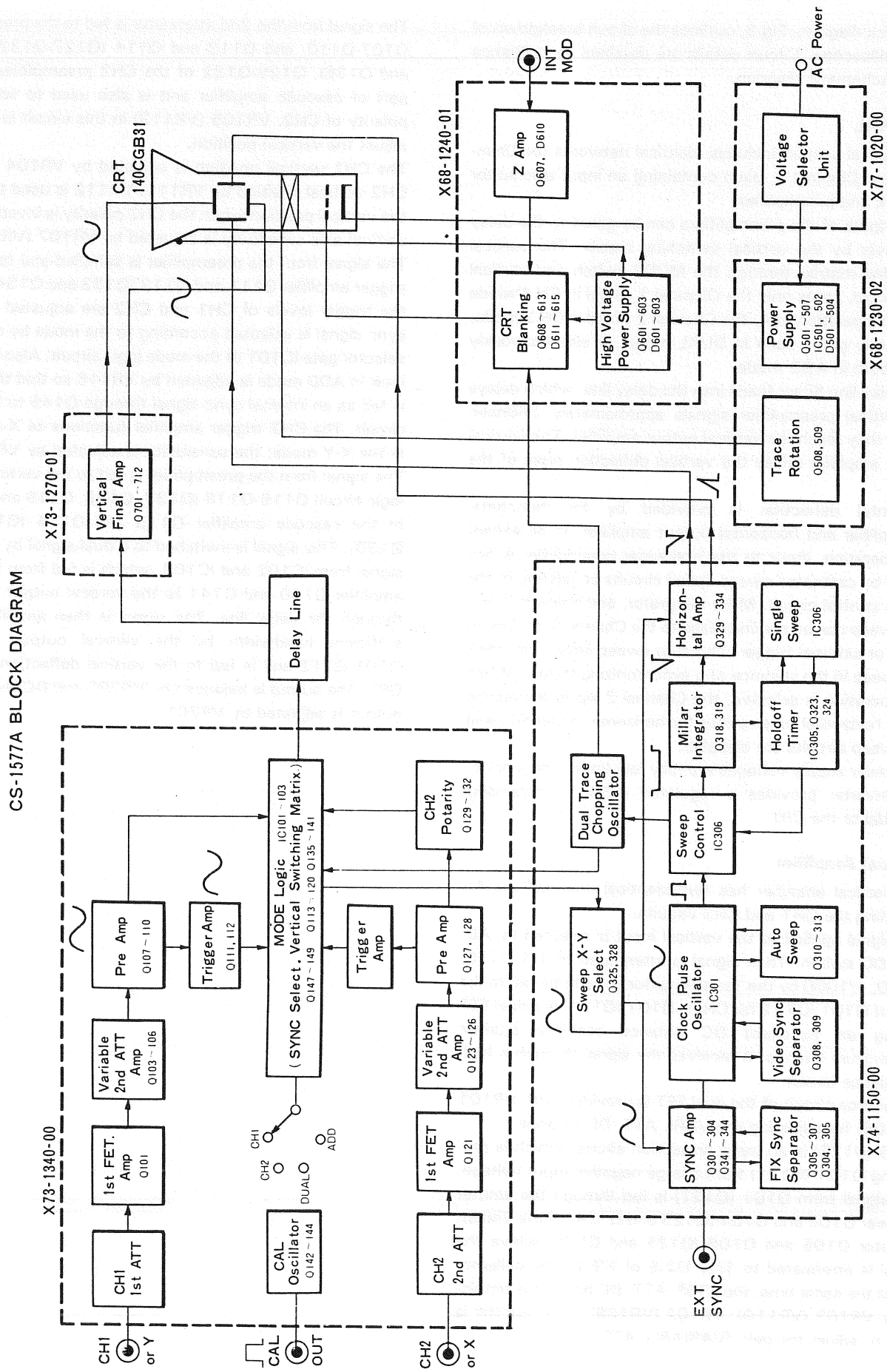


Fig. 3 Block Diagram

# CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The block diagram, Fig 3, outlines the circuit breakdown of the oscilloscope. Circuit details are obtained by reference to the schematic diagram.

## GENERAL

The vertical section includes identical networks for Channel 1 and Channel 2, each containing an input attenuator network and preamplifier.

The outputs of the preamplifiers can be gated to the delay line driver by the vertical switching matrix. The vertical switching matrix, through the MODE switch and vertical mode logic, gates only the Channel 1 signal in CH 1 mode and X-Y operation, only the Channel 2 signal in CH 2 mode, alternately gates each in DUAL mode, or simultaneously gates both in ADD mode.

The delay line driver feeds into the delay line, which delays the vertical preamplifier signals approximately 160nsec before they reach the vertical output amplifier. The vertical output amplifier drives the vertical deflection plate of the CRT.

Horizontal deflection is provided by the horizontal preamplifier and horizontal output amplifier. In all except X-Y operation, input to the horizontal preamplifier is furnished by calibrated sweep speed circuits consisting of the sweep control circuit, Miller integrator, and hold-off timer. The sweep can be synchronized to the Channel 1 or 2 input signal or external trigger. The auto sweep circuit can start the sweep in the absence of a synchronizing trigger. When X-Y operation is selected, the Channel 2 signal is coupled to the horizontal preamplifier for horizontal deflection and the sweep circuits are disabled.

The power supply voltages are fully regulated, and a dc-to-dc converter provides a regulated 4.5 kV accelerating potential to the CRT.

## Vertical Amplifier

The vertical amplifier has two identical preamplifiers for operating the CH1 and CH2 circuits.

The signal applied to the vertical input is selected by AC-GND-DC switch. Then signal is attenuated to 1/1, 1/10, 1/100, 1/1000 by the 1st attenuator so as to be fed to the gate of Q101 (Q121 for CH2). Q101 (Q121) is a dual FET having an excellent DC balance stability against temperature change. It receives the signal through a high impedance circuit.

The source circuit of the dual FET is provided with VR101 (VR108) for adjusting the VARI. ATT. DC balance.

D126 (D125) is an input protection circuit, which is protecting Q101 (Q121) from a large negative input voltage. The signal from Q101 (Q121) is fed through the emitter follower Q103 and Q104 (Q123 and Q124) to the 2nd attenuator Q105 and Q106 (Q125 and Q126) where the signal is attenuated to 1/1, 1/2.5 or 1/5 by the collector and at the same time, the STEP. ATT. DC balance is obtained by VR103 (VR110). VR102 (VR109) in the emitter is used to adjust the gain (VARIABLE ATT.).

The signal from the 2nd attenuator is fed to the preamplifier Q107-Q110, and Q113 and Q114 (Q127-Q132, Q135 and Q136). Q129-Q132 of the CH2 preamplifier form a part of cascode amplifier and is also used to select the polarity of CH2. VR105 (VR113) in this circuit is used to adjust the vertical position.

The CH1 vertical position is adjusted by VR104 and the CH2 vertical position by VR111. VR112 is used to adjust the vertical position when the CH2 polarity is inverted. The vertical axis sensitivity is adjusted by VR107 (VR115).

The signal from the preamplifier is sampled and fed to the trigger amplifier Q111 and Q112 (Q133 and Q134) where the trigger levels of CH1 and CH2 are adjusted and the sync signal is selected according to the mode by the sync selector gate IC101 of the mode logic circuit. Also DC sync level in ADD mode is adjusted by VR116 so that the signal is fed as an internal sync signal through Q148 to the sync circuit. The CH2 trigger amplifier functions as X-amplifier in the X-Y mode; the sensitivity is adjusted by VR114.

The signal from the preamplifier is fed to the vertical mode logic circuit Q115-Q118 (Q137, Q138, Q119 and Q120) of the cascode amplifier Q113 and Q114 (Q135 and Q136). This signal is switched to a dual-signal by the gate signal from IC102 and IC103, which is fed from the drive amplifier Q140 and Q141 to the vertical output amplifier through the delay line. The signal is then amplified to a sufficient bandwidth by the vertical output amplifier Q701-Q712 and is fed to the vertical deflection plate of CRT. The output is balanced by VR702 and DC level of the output is adjusted by VR701.

# CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

## Sync and Sweep Circuits

The sync signal from the vertical amplifier is fed to the drive amplifier Q328 where the DC level is adjusted by VR308. Then, the signal is fed to FET Q302 through the sync source switch and the sync coupling circuit. The sync level is adjusted by VR301. The sync signal is fed from the emitter follower circuit Q303 and Q304 the limiter amplifier IC301.

The sync signal from the limiter amplifier is fed to IC302 where the polarity is inverted.

The signal is selected by IC303 whether or not it passes through the VIDEO sync separation circuit Q308 and Q309 and then it is fed as clock pulses to the sweep control gate IC306-b. The output of IC306-b is inverted by the clock pulse.

Q316 is turned OFF and the mirror integrator Q318 and Q319 is charged at the speed determined by the base CR. The sweep time can be varied by adjusting the VARIABLE VR303.

When the mirror integrator output is increased to the voltage set by the SWEEP LENGTH VR304 the output of the HOLDOFF circuit IC305 is inverted to stop the sweep. IC305-a,b holds this condition until the sweep control gate is set in the standby condition of the next clock pulse. The hold-off time is determined by the mirror integrator circuit Q323 and Q324 and can be varied by the HOLDOFF VR5.

## Horizontal Amplifier Circuit

The output of the mirror integrator Q318 and Q319 is fed through VR305 (WIDTH) to VR4 (H. POSITION) and the emitter of Q325 and then to VR306 (H. POSITION) and the emitter of Q326. The collector of Q326 is connected to the collector of Q327. Q327 feeds the X-axis signal in X-Y mode. Both Q326 and Q327 are switched complementarily to feed saw-tooth wave (sweep) or X-axis signal (CH2 input in X-Y mode) to the horizontal output amplifier Q329-Q334 where the signal is sufficiently amplified and is fed to the horizontal deflection plate of CRT.

## Trigger Mode Circuit

### 1. Single sweep circuit

Normally, IC306-a functions as R-S flip flop. Its output Qa is inverted and become "H" at the end of the hold off time. The sweep control gate IC306-b is set to the standby condition of trigger pulse. In the single sweep of trigger mode, IC306-a functions as J-K flip flop. It is not inverted until a clock pulse is inputted to RESET S4 even when the hold off time is completed, and IC306-b remain in the sweep stop mode. When a clock pulse is inputted by S4, IC306-a is inverted and IC306-b is set in the trigger pulse standby mode.

### 2. Auto (Auto free-run sweep) circuit

The auto circuit Q310 and Q311 detects the clock pulse of IC303-a,c. The clock pulse passes through Q312 and Q313 and a pulse for no-signal free-run sweep is fed to the

sweep control gate IC306-b. The pulse is also fed from Q314 and Q315 to IC306-a to turn on the LED D2 of TRIG./DELAY.

### 3. FIX sync circuit

With the trigger mode set to FIX, the upper and lower peaks of the sync signal from Q303 and D302 are detected by D304 and D305. The signal passes through the emitter follower Q305 and Q306. The center voltage of the upper and lower peaks is then obtained, which is fed from the emitter follower Q307 to IC301. Therefore, the trigger level is always set in the center of the trigger signal amplitude.

## CRT Circuit and Power Supply Circuit

The Qb output of the sweep control gate IC306-b drives the vertical switching signal generator IC304, IC305-c,d. The output is also fed through Q321 to the blanking circuit Q608-Q613 as an unblanking signal after the amplitude is DC controlled by Q322. The blanking signal amplified in this circuit is DC regenerated to a high voltage by Q605, and D606 and D607, which is fed to the grid of CRT.

The CRT requires acceleration voltages of  $-1.5$  kV and  $+4.5$  kV. The high voltages are generated by the DC-DC converter circuit Q604 and T601 and are regulated by the feedback type voltage regulator circuit Q601-Q603. The  $-1.5$  kV is adjusted by VR601 and the  $+4.5$  kV is obtained from the tripled voltage circuit. Other voltages are adjusted at the same time by VR501, thus providing highly stabilized operation against power voltage variation.

## Calibrating Voltage

The output of the multivibrator Q143 and Q144 is controlled by D112 and Q142 to produce a calibrating voltage. The frequency (pulse width) is adjusted by VR118 and VR119, and the output level is adjusted by VR117.



# MAINTENANCE

## TRACE ROTATION ADJUSTMENT

Strong magnetic fields, present in many locations where an oscilloscope may be used, may cause the trace to be tilted. The degree of tilt may vary as the scope is moved from one location to another. The TRACE ROTATION control provides an electrically adjustable offset to compensate for trace tilt.

Perform the adjustment as follows.

1. Set oscilloscope controls to produce a horizontal trace with no input signal (triggering MODE switch in AUTO)
2. Use POSITION control as required to position the trace along a horizontal line of the graticule scale.
3. Adjust TRACE ROTATION so trace parallel with the reference line on the graticule scale.

## AC VOLTAGE CONVERSION

When operating the unit on voltage other than 240 V, set AC voltage selector switch to 100 V, 120 V or 220 V according to your local AC current. The voltage selector switch is located on the rear panel of the unit as indicated by the arrow mark. When operating on 100 V or 120 V, remove the 0.5A fuse and replace it with one rated at 0.8A.

## REMOVING THE CASE

The case is removed in two sections. The top section can be lifted off after removing seven Phillips-head screws from the top and sides of the case. The bottom section can be lifted off after removing four Phillips-head screws from the bottom of the case.

### WARNING

High voltage up to 5000 volts DC is present on the CRT and high voltage power supply when the oscilloscope is operating. Up to 130 volts DC is present on all circuit boards except the vertical amplifier board. Line voltage (120 or 240 VAC) is present on the power transformer, on-off switch, fuse holder, and line voltage selector assembly any time the oscilloscope is connected to an AC power source, even if turned off. Always observe caution when the housing is removed from the unit. Contacting exposed high voltage could result in fatal electric shock.

### WARNING

High voltage is applied to the CRT. Make sure to turn the power switch OFF and further pull out the power plug from the AC outlet when replacing the CRT. The CRT anode voltage will remain for a time after the power switch is turned off. If the anode cap is removed, never touch the metal part of the cap and short circuit it to the chassis. Further, short circuit the CRT anode to the chassis using wire because the anode may remain charged. Never pull out the power plug before turning the power switch OFF, or the cathode circuit is unable to discharge, which is dangerous.

## PROBE COMPENSATION

Probe compensation adjustment matches the probe to the input of scope. For best result, compensation of both should be adjusted initially, then the same probe always used with CH1 and CH2 respectively. Probe compensation should be readjusted whenever a probe from a different oscilloscope is used, or CH1 and CH2 probes are interchanged.

1. Connect probes to both V. INPUT terminal. Connect ground clip of probes to oscilloscope ground terminal and touch tips of both probes to CAL 1 kHz  $\square$  0.1 V<sub>p-p</sub> terminal.
2. Select signal trace operation of CH1 and CH2 for steps 3 and 4.
3. Set oscilloscope control to display 3 or 4 cycles of CAL square wave at 5 or 6 divisions amplitude.
4. Adjust compensation trimmer on probe for optimum square wave, waveshape (minimum overshoot, rounding off and tilt).

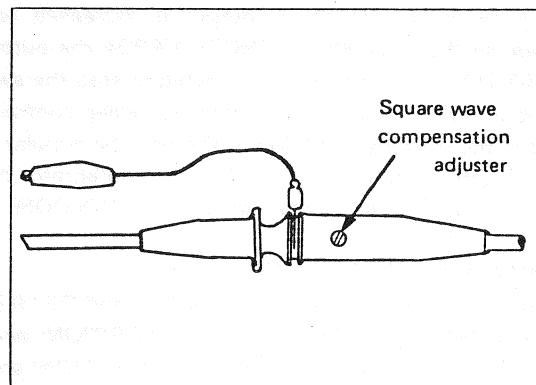


Fig. 4

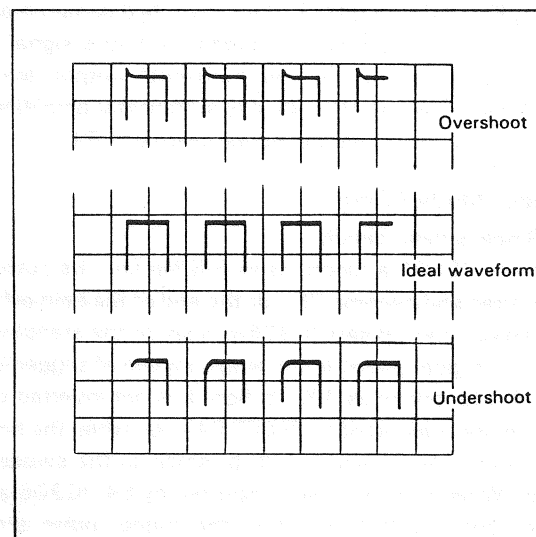


Fig. 5

# ADJUSTMENT

Before making adjustment, perform the following notes.

1. Preset the scope controls as follow unless otherwise specified.
2. All adjustment should follow the following order.

Name of knob	Position
SWEEP TIME/DIV	lms
SWEEP VARIABLE	CAL
H. POSITION VR	Mechanical center
PULL $\times 5$ MAG	Push
INTENSITY	3 o'clock
TRIG. LEVEL	Mechanical center
TRIG. LEVEL AUTO	AUTO
NORM/CHOP	NORM
PULL SLOPE NEG	Push
HOLDOFF	NORM
FOCUS	Optimum position
TRIGGER COUPLING	AC
TRACE ROTATION	Optimum position
ASTIG	Optimum position
TRIGGER SOURCE	ALT
V. POSITION (both CH1 and CH2)	Mechanical center
AC-GND-DC (both CH1 and CH2)	AC
VOLTS/DIV (both CH1 and CH2)	2 mV
V. VARIABLE (both CH1 and CH2)	CAL
V. MODE	CH2

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

Test Equipment	Model	Minimum Specification
Digital Multi-Meter	Dr-706 (TRIO)	Impedance: More than 10 M $\Omega$ , Measuring range: 0.01 V to 199 V
Sine-Wave Generator	651B (YHP)	Frequency: 10 Hz to 10 MHz, constant voltage over tuning range
Sine-Wave Generator	SG-503 (Tektronix)	Frequency: 50 kHz to 100 MHz, Output impedance: 50 $\Omega$ , constant voltage over tuning range.
Square-Wave Generator	PG-506 (Tektronix)	Output signal: 1 kHz, Amplitude: 10 mVp-p to 10 Vp-p, Accuracy: within $\pm 1\%$ , Rise time: 35ns or less
Q Meter	4343B (YHP)	—
Color Pattern Generator	CG-911 (TRIO)	—
Oscilloscope	465 (Tektronix)	Sensitivity: more than 5 mV Frequency response: More than 100 MHz
Time-Marker Generator	TG-501 (Tektronix)	Time mark: 0.5 s to 0.1 $\mu$ s repetitive waveform
High-Voltage Probe	—	Input Impedance: 1000 M $\Omega$
Termination	—	Impedance: 50 $\Omega$ Accuracy: within 3%
Termination	—	3 watts type impedance: 50 $\Omega$
Attenuator	—	-20dB attenuation (50 $\Omega$ )

## Power and CRT Circuit Adjustment

**+ 130 V, + 12 V, - 12 V and + 5 V adjustments and check**

1. Connect a DC voltmeter to measure the voltages at pin 10 of P505 with respect to the chassis.
2. Adjust VR501 for 130 V  $\pm 1\%$  reading on the voltmeter.
3. Next, measure the voltages should be + 5 V, + 12 V, and - 12 V respectively  $\pm 5\%$  at pin 8, 7 and 4..

## - 1.5 kV Adjustment

1. Connect a DC voltmeter to measure the voltage at pin 5 of P605 on the high voltage power supply unit with respect to the chassis.

2. Adjust VR601 for - 1.5 kV reading on the voltmeter.

**Caution:**

Be sure to use the high-voltage probe.

## CRT centering and vertical geometry adjustments

1. Short TP4 to TP5 on the vertical amplifier unit.
2. Adjust VR702 to center the trace vertically.
3. Connect a DC voltmeter (Input impedance 10 m $\Omega$  higher) to measure the voltage at P3 and P4 with respect to the chassis.
4. Adjust VR701 for 68 V  $\pm 1$  V reading on the voltmeter at the each point.
5. Adjust VR701 and VR702 alternately several times to find the optimum positions.

**Note:**

For easy adjustment, turn the FOCUS knob to make the trace thin. A low impedance DC voltmeter may cause the circuit to oscillate.

## FOCUS and ASTIG Adjustments and TRACE ROTATION Adjustment

1. Set MODE switch to X-Y and both CH1 and CH2 AC-GND-DC switches to GND positions. This will produce a spot on the screen.
2. Adjust FOCUS and ASTIG on the front panel for the sharpest, roundest spot. Do not readjust the ASTIG control after this step.
3. Adjust the TRACE ROTATION control so that the trace is parallel with the reference line on the graticule scale if the trace tilts.

## INTENSITY and Blanking Adjustments

1. Set TRIG MODE switch to X-Y to display a spot.
2. Adjust VR602 so that the trace disappears when INTENSITY control setting is reduced to the 10 o'clock position.
3. Set INTENSITY control to approximately 3 o'clock position for remaining adjustments.
4. Next, set SWEEP TIME/DIV control to 0.1  $\mu$ s and TRIG MODE switch to AUTO to display a trace.

# ADJUSTMENT

5. Apply 10 MHz sine wave signal to CH1 input to display 6 divisions vertical amplitude waveform on the screen.
6. Pull  $\times 5$  MAG knob to magnify a trace. Adjust TC601 so thickness at the start of the sweep equals to the thickness at the other points and no retrace is observed at the end of the sweep.

## Caution:

After high voltage unit adjustment, be sure to install the bottom cover.

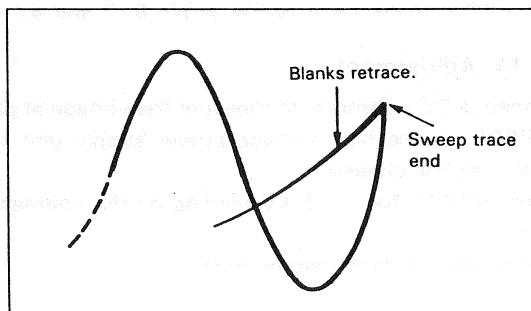


Fig. 6

## Vertical Axis Circuit Adjustment

### VARIABLE and STEP attenuator balance adjustments

1. Set scope control for a single horizontal trace on CH1 with CH1 AC-GND-DC switch set to GND and set SWEEP TIME/DIV control to 1 ms.
2. Rotate CH1 VARIABLE control from maximum clockwise to maximum counterclockwise, while observing the trace.
3. If the trace moves vertically, adjust VR101 (VARI.) for minimum or zero movement when performing step 2.
4. Rotate CH1 VOLTS/DIV control from maximum clockwise to maximum counterclockwise, while observing the trace.
5. If the trace moves vertically, adjust VR103 (STEP) for minimum or zero vertically movement when performing step 4.
6. Repeat the entire procedure for CH2, adjusting VR108 for variable balance and VR110 for step balance.
7. Repeat thru step 2 to step 6 so the trace does not sift if desire.

### Position and CH2 INVERT Position Adjustments

1. Set CH1 AC-GND-DC switch to GND and MODE switch to DUAL.
2. Set CH1 and CH2  $\blacklozenge$  POSITION controls to these mechanical center.
3. Adjust VR104 and VR112 so the trace are overlapped in the center of the scale.
4. Next, adjust VR111 so the trace does not shift when the CH2  $\blacklozenge$  POSITION control is alternately pulled and pushed.

## Vertical Gain Adjustment

1. Set both CH1 and CH2 AC-GND-DC switches to DC and SWEEP TIME/DIV control to 0.2 ms.
2. Set both CH1 and CH2 VOLTS/DIV controls to 5 mV (VARIABLE to CAL) and apply a 20 mVp-p, 1 kHz square wave signal to CH1 input.
3. Adjust VR107 for exactly 4 divisions vertical amplitude waveform.
4. Repeat the entire procedure for CH2, adjusting VR115 for vertical gain adjustment.
5. Next, apply 20 mVp-p, 1 kHz square wave to both CH1 and CH2 inputs and set MODE switch to ADD.
6. Apply 25 mV, 1 kHz square wave signal to both CH1 and CH2 inputs. Set MODE switch to ADD and pull the CH2  $\blacklozenge$  POSITION knob to INVERT position. Confirm that the amplitude observed on the screen is zero.

## Vertical Gain Adjustment

1. Set MODE switch to CH1.
2. Connect CH1 input to CAL  $\square$  0.1 V terminal. (probe set for DIRECT measurement)
3. Set CH1 VARIABLE control to CAL and VOLTS/DIV control to 20 mV.
4. Adjust VR107 for exactly 5 divisions vertical amplitude of 1 kHz square wave signal display.
5. Repeat the entire procedure for CH2, adjusting VR115 for vertical gain adjustment.

## 100 kHz Square Wave Compensation

1. Rotate VOLTS/DIV control to 2 mV, MODE switch to CH2, SOURCE switch to CH2 and CH2 AC-GND-DC switch to AC.
2. Apply 100 kHz square wave signal through a 50  $\Omega$  terminator to CH2 input and adjust square wave generator for 6 divisions of 100 kHz signal on the screen.
3. Rotate SWEEP TIME/DIV control from 2  $\mu$ s to 0.2  $\mu$ s. Adjust TC704 (mid range) and VR703 (high range) for minimum overshoot (within 3%) and ringing (within 3%) at point (a) and (b) on waveform as shown in Fig. 7.
4. Keeping the signal level constant, gradually decrease the input signal to 10 kHz. Amplitude should roll off gradually with no dip or peaks.

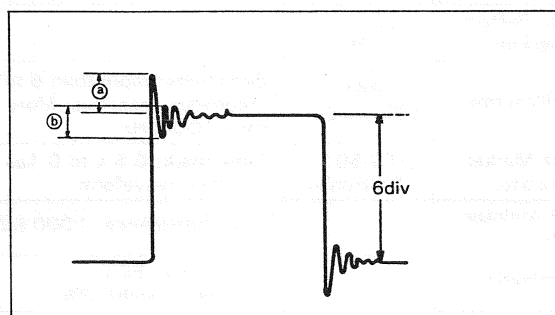


Fig. 7

# ADJUSTMENT

## 1 kHz Square Wave Compensation

1. Set VOLTS/DIV control to 2 mV, MODE switch to CH1 and CH1 AC-GND-DC switch to DC.
2. Apply 1 kHz square wave signal to display 6 divisions vertical amplitude waveform on the screen.
3. Rotate VOLTS/DIV control to 20 mV (1/10), 0.2 V (1/100) and 2 V (1/1000) position.
4. Adjust TC104 (1/10), TC105 (1/100) and TC106 (1/1000) so the vertical amplitude is set to 6 divisions on the screen.
5. Repeat the entire procedure for CH2, adjusting TC110 (1/10), TC111 (1/100) and TC112 (1/1000).

## Input Capacity Adjustment

1. Set CH1 VOLTS/DIV control to 2 mV and AC-GND-DC switch to DC.
2. Connect a "Q" meter to measure the input capacity at the CH1 input and make sure that the input capacity is  $24 \text{ pF} \pm 3 \text{ pF}$ .
3. Rotate VOLTS/DIV control to 20 mV (1/10), 0.2 V (1/100) and 2 V (1/1000), adjusting TC101, TC102 and TC103 so the input capacity at each position is the same as that at the 2 mV (1/1) position.
4. Repeat the entire procedure for CH2, adjusting TC107, TC108 and TC109.

## Frequency Response Adjustment

1. Set MODE switch to CH1 and CH1 AC-GND-DC switch to AC.
2. Set VOLTS/DIV control to 2 mV (VARIABLE to CAL) and apply 100 kHz square wave signal to CH1 input to display 6 divisions vertical amplitude waveform on the screen.
3. Adjust TC114 so the waveform quality is equal to 2 mV range when setting VOLTS/DIV control to 5 mV.
4. Next, rotate VOLTS/DIV control to 10 mV, adjusting TC113 for 10 mV range.
5. Repeat the entire procedure for CH2, adjusting TC 119 (5 mV range) and TC118 (10 mV range).

## Frequency Response Check

1. Set MODE switch to CH2 and VOLTS/DIV control to 2 mV.
2. Apply 50 kHz sine wave signal to CH2 to display 6 divisions vertical amplitude waveform.
3. Keeping the signal level constant, gradually increase or decrease the frequency adjusting the frequency for 4.2 divisions amplitude. This range is  $-3 \text{ dB}$  frequency response.
4. Check the frequency response of CH1 and CH2 at each attenuation range in the same way. If the frequency response is out of the standard, perform frequency response adjustment using 100 kHz square wave compensation again.

## Triggering Amplitude Balance

1. Set SWEEP TIME/DIV control to 0.1 ms and TRIG SOURCE switch to CH2 and AC-GND-DC switch to GND.
2. Connect a DC voltmeter to measure the voltage at the TP2 and TP3 with respect to the chassis.
3. Adjust VR321 to obtain an equal voltage at the each point.

## Triggering Level Adjustment

1. Rotate SWEEP TIME/DIV control to 0.1 ms and TRIG COUPLING switch to DC and MODE switch to DUAL.
2. Apply 1 kHz sine wave signal to both CH1 and CH2 inputs to display 6 divisions vertical amplitude waveform on the screen.
3. Adjust VR106 so the start points of waveforms are aligned on the screen.

## DUAL-ADD and AC-DC Trig Level Adjustments

1. Set the control knob as follow.

VOLTS/DIV;	0.1 V (both CH1 and CH2)
AC-GND-DC;	GND
COUPLING;	DC
SWEEP TIME/DIV;	0.1 ms
2. With the traces of CH1 and CH2 overlapped, set MODE switch to ADD and DUAL alternately. Then, set it in such a position at which the traces do not shift on the Y axis. After setting, return MODE switch to DUAL
3. Next, set MODE switch to ADD and adjust VR308 to obtain 0 V at the test point (TP4). Then, set MODE switch to DUAL and adjust VR116 to obtain 0 V at the test point (TP4).
4. Recheck step 2 and step 3 for any interaction.

## FIX Trig Level Adjustment

1. Set TRIG MODE switch to FIX and MODE to CH2 and the controls to display a optimum waveform on the screen.
2. Apply 1 kHz sine wave signal to CH2 input. Lower the SG output to locate a point at which the synchronization is disorder.
3. Adjust VR302 while further lowering the SG output to locate a point at which the signal is synchronized.
4. Recheck step 2 and step 3 for any interaction adjust VR302 to synchronize at minimum amplitude.
5. Check the triggering should be possible with any 50 Hz to 35 MHz signal.

### Note:

Check the TRIG'D lamp for lighting before checking the synchronization sensitivity.

# ADJUSTMENT

## Horizontal Axis Circuit Adjustment

### Sweep time and sweep length adjustments

1. Set MODE switch to CH1 and SWEEP TIME/DIV control to 1 ms.
2. Apply 1 ms marker signal to CH1 input.
3. Measuring the time period of the markers will assure calibration accuracy.
4. Adjust VR305 so that 11 visible markers occupy exactly 11 divisions of horizontal deflection as shown in Fig. 8.
5. Adjust VR304 for a total sweep length of 10 1/2 divisions.

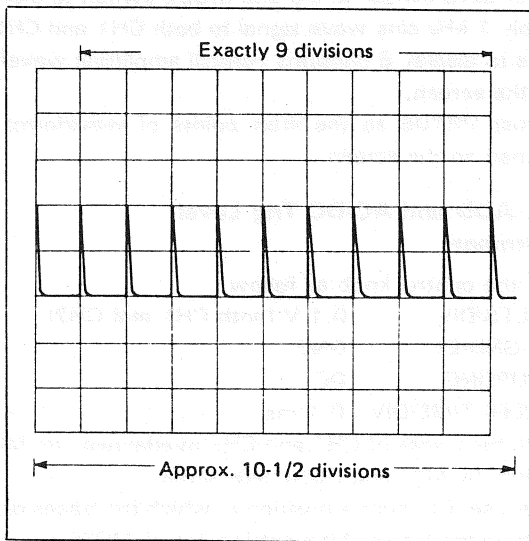


Fig. 8

### Mag Centering and Mag Gain Adjustments

1. Set SWEEP TIME/DIV control to 1 ms and apply 1 ms marker signal to CH1 input to display 3 waves on the screen.
2. Pull  $\times 5$  MAG knob to magnify a trace and adjust VR310 so the center marker remains stationary whether the  $\times 5$  MAG knob is ON. Do not rotate the  $\blacktriangleleft \blacktriangleright$  POSITION control.
3. Next, push  $\times 5$  MAG knob and adjust VR309 so that the 10 visible markers occupy exactly 10 divisions of horizontal deflection.
4. Recheck step 2. Repeat if required.

### $\blacktriangleleft \blacktriangleright$ H. POSITION Adjustment

1. Set  $\blacktriangleleft \blacktriangleright$  POSITION control at its mechanical center.
2. Rotate SWEEP TIME/DIV control to 0.2 ms and apply 1 ms marker signal to CH1 input to display 3 waves on the screen.
3. Adjust VR306 so the center marker remains stationary.

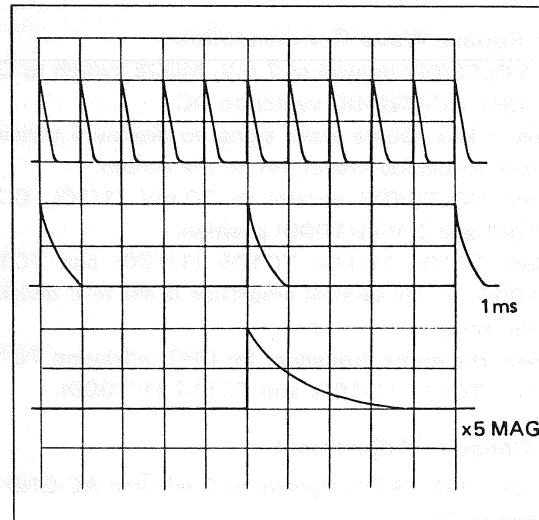


Fig. 9

### 20 $\mu$ s, 0.5 $\mu$ s, 0.2 $\mu$ s and 0.1 $\mu$ s Ranges Adjustments

1. Rotate SWEEP TIME/DIV control to 20  $\mu$ s, 0.5  $\mu$ s, 0.2  $\mu$ s and 0.1  $\mu$ s gradually while applying the equal marker signal to CH1 input.
2. Adjust the following adjuster to duplicate the conditions shown in Fig. 8.

SWEEP TIME/DIV	Marker	Adj.
20 $\mu$ s	20 $\mu$ s	TC302
0.5 $\mu$ s	0.5 $\mu$ s	VR311
0.2 $\mu$ s	0.2 $\mu$ s	VR312
0.1 $\mu$ s	0.1 $\mu$ s	VR313

### X Gain and Position Adjustments

1. Rotate VOLTS/DIV control to 5 mV and set CH2 AC-GND-DC switch to AC.
2. Set MODE switch to X-Y. Apply a calibrated 1 kHz 25 Vp-p sine or square wave signal to CH2 input.
3. Adjust VR114 for exactly 5 divisions horizontal deflection between the 2 spots on the screen.
4. Next, rotate both CH1 and CH2 VOLTS/DIV controls to 0.1 V and set both CH1 and CH2 AC-GND-DC switches to GND. Set SOURCE switch to CH1.
5. With  $\blacktriangleleft \blacktriangleright$  POSITION control to its mechanical center and adjust VR306 to center the 2 traces vertically.
6. Next, set MODE switch to X-Y to display a spot on the screen.
7. Adjust VR307 to center the spot horizontally on the screen.

# ADJUSTMENT

## Calibration Voltage Adjustments

1. Connect CAL 1 kHz  $\square$  0.1 Vp-p signal to well-calibrated oscilloscope (VOLTS/DIV to 20 mV and SWEEP TIME/DIV to 0.1 ms) to display one cycle of square wave.
2. Adjust VR117 (CAL amplitude) for 5 divisions amplitude and VR118 and VR119 so the square wave is symmetrical; that is, so that positive and negative portions of the trace are equal in length.

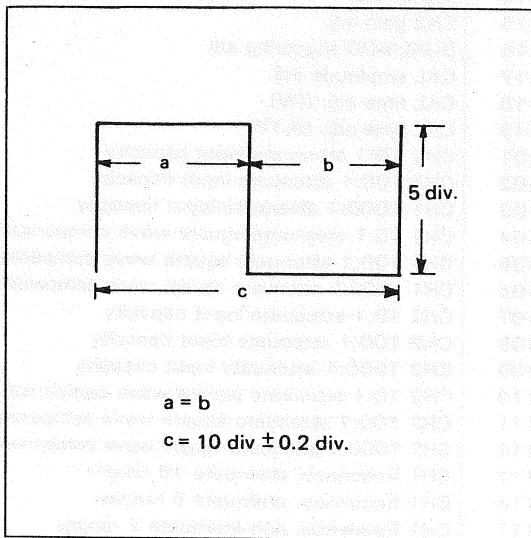


Fig. 10

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

After calibration adjustments are completed, the following tests will check non-adjustable circuits to confirm that oscilloscope operation meets all specifications. If unsatisfactory performance is indicated, service and repair is required.

### Frequency Response Check

1. Switch setting  
CH1, CH2: AC-GND-DC; DC  
CH1, CH2: VOLTS/DIV; 2 mV
2. Apply 50 kHz sine wave signal to the CH2 input and adjust its level to display 6 divisions vertical amplitude waveform. Keeping the signal level, gradually vary the frequency to 35 MHz. The amplitude should be more than 4.25 divisions.
3. Again vary the frequency from 50 kHz to 35 MHz and check that the amplitude on the screen decreases smoothly and there is no peak or dip.
4. Perform the same checks for CH1. Perform the same checks for all ATT ranges.

## Synchronization Check

1. Check that the TRIG'D lamp lights, then check synchronization circuit sensitivity according to the tables below.

TRIG MODE in SINGLE or NORM

Coupling	Band width (Hz)	Minimum sync. voltage		
		INT (div)	EXT1/10 (Vp-p)	EXT1 (Vp-p)
AC	50 ~ 15M	0.5	3	0.3
	10 ~ 40M	0.8	3	0.3
VIDEO	VIDEO signal	1	5	0.5
DC	DC ~ 15M	0.5	3	0.3
	DC ~ 40M	0.8	3	0.3

HF REJ: Attenuate above 100 kHz

LF REJ: Attenuate below 10 kHz

TRIG. MODE (Sync method)	Band width (Hz)	Minimum sync. voltage		
		INT (div)	EXT1/10 (Vp-p)	EXT1 (Vp-p)
AUTO	100 ~ 15M	0.5	3	0.3
	50 ~ 40M	0.8	3	0.3
FIX	100 ~ 15M	0.5	3	0.3
	50 ~ 40M	0.8	3	0.3

## Frequency Response Check

1. Switch setting  
V. MODE; X-Y  
CH1, AC-GND-DC; GND  
CH2, AC-GND-DC; DC  
CH2, VOLTS/DIV; 5 mV
2. Apply 1 kHz sine wave signal to the CH2 input and adjust its level to display 10 divisions vertical amplitude waveform. Keeping the signal level, gradually vary the frequency from DC to 2 MHz. The amplitude should be more than 7.1 divisions (-3 dB). Check that the variation of the amplitude is smooth.

## Intensity Modulation Check

1. Switch setting  
VOLTS/DIV; 1 V  
SWEEP TIME/DIV; 5  $\mu$ s
2. Apply 500 kHz sine wave signal to the CH1 input and adjust its level to display 5 divisions vertical amplitude waveform.
3. Then, apply 2.5 Vp-p, 5 MHz square wave signal to the Z input on the rear panel and check that parts of the waveform on the screen become brighter. In this case, the vertical input signal and the intensity modulation signal must be synchronized and the frequency of the latter must be an integral multiple of that of the former.

# ADJUSTMENT

## HOLD-OFF Operation Check

1. Switch setting  
V. MODE; CH1 or CH2  
SWEEP TIME/DIV;  $0.1 \mu\text{s}$
2. Apply the collector signal of Q319 in the horizontal unit to a precisely calibrated oscilloscope via a 1/10 probe. Set the sweep time of the oscilloscope to  $2 \mu\text{s}/\text{div}$  and adjust its variable knob so that the HOLDOFF time displayed on the oscilloscope screen becomes 1 division. Then, rotate the HOLDOFF knob of the CS-1577A to full clockwise. The HOLDOFF time displayed on the oscilloscope screen should be more than 10 division.

## X-Y Phase Check

1. Switch setting  
CH1, CH2: VOLTS/DIV; 2 mV  
V. MODE; X-Y  
CH1, CH2: AC-GND-DC; AC
2. Apply 100 kHz sine wave signal to both CH1 and CH2 input terminals simultaneously and adjust its level to display 8 divisions both vertical and horizontal amplitude Lissajous waveform. Then, check the phase difference as shown in Fig. 11. The phase difference must be  $3^\circ$  or less.

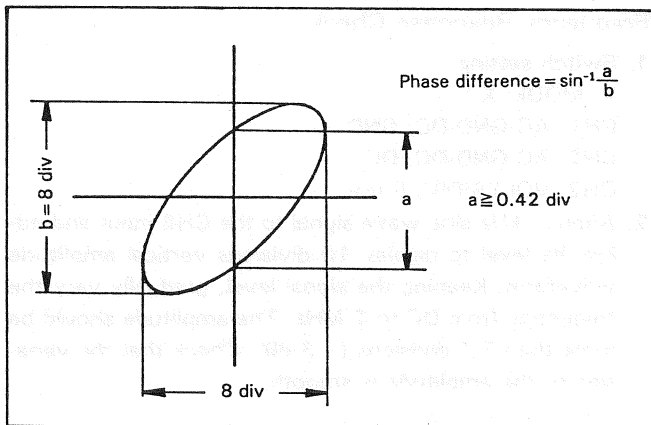


Fig. 11 Phase Difference Check

## Function of Adjustments in Each Unit

### Vertical amplifier unit (X73-1340-00)

VR101	CH1 VARI. ATT. BAL. adj.
VR103	CH1 STEP ATT. BAL. adj.
VR104	CH1 $\updownarrow$ position adj.
VR106	CH1-CH2 triggering adj.
VR107	CH1 gain adj.
VR108	CH2 VARI. ATT. BAL. adj.
VR110	CH2 STEP ATT. BAL. adj.
VR111	CH2 INV. position adj.
VR112	CH2 NORM. position adj.
VR114	X gain adj.
VR115	CH2 gain adj.
VR116	DUAL/ADD triggering adj.
VR117	CAL amplitude adj.
VR118	CAL time adj. (0V)
VR119	CAL time adj. (0.1V)
TC101	CH1 10:1 attenuate input capacity
TC102	CH1 100:1 attenuate input capacity
TC103	CH1 1000:1 attenuate input capacity
TC104	CH1 10:1 attenuate square wave compensation
TC105	CH1 100:1 attenuate square wave compensation
TC106	CH1 1000:1 attenuate square wave compensation
TC107	CH2 10:1 attenuate input capacity
TC108	CH2 100:1 attenuate input capacity
TC109	CH2 1000:1 attenuate input capacity
TC110	CH2 10:1 attenuate square wave compensation
TC111	CH2 100:1 attenuate square wave compensation
TC112	CH2 1000:1 attenuate square wave compensation
TC113	CH1 frequency, attenuate 10 ranges
TC114	CH1 frequency, attenuate 5 ranges
TC117	CH1 frequency, non-attenuate 2 ranges
TC118	CH2 frequency, attenuate 10 ranges
TC119	CH2 frequency, attenuate 5 ranges

### Horizontal sweep amplifier (X74-1150-00)

VR302	FIX triggering level adj.
VR304	Sweep length adj.
VR305	Sweep width adj.
VR306	Horizontal position adj.
VR307	X position adj.
VR308	AC/DC triggering level adj.
VR309	MAG centering adj.
VR310	MAG gain adj.
VR311	$0.5 \mu\text{s}$ sweep time adj.
VR312	$0.2 \mu\text{s}$ sweep time adj.
VR313	$0.1 \mu\text{s}$ sweep time adj.
VR321	Trigger amplitude balance
TC302	$1 \sim 50 \mu\text{s}$ sweep time adj.

### Vertical final amplifier unit (X73-1270-01)

VR701	Vertical final amplitude
VR702	CRT centering adj.
VR703	High frequency overshoot adj.
TC702	High frequency overshoot adj.
TC703	High frequency overshoot adj.
TC704	Mid frequency overshoot adj.

# ADJUSTMENT

## Low voltage power supply unit (X68-1230-02)

VR501	+ 130V adj.
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## High voltage power supply unit (X68-1240-01)

VR601	- 1.5kV adj.
VR602	Intensity adj.
TC601	Blanking adj.

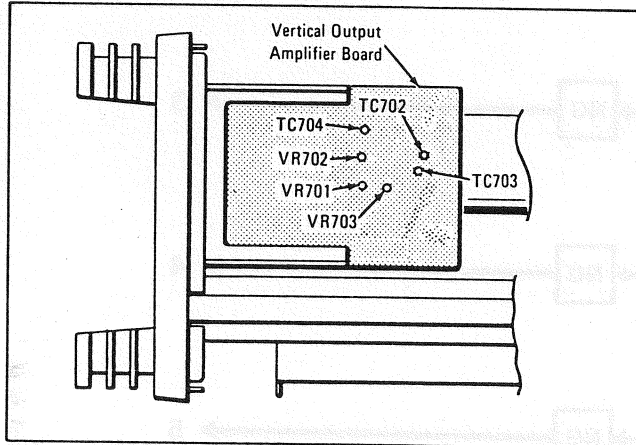


Fig. 12 Location of adjustments, left side of scope

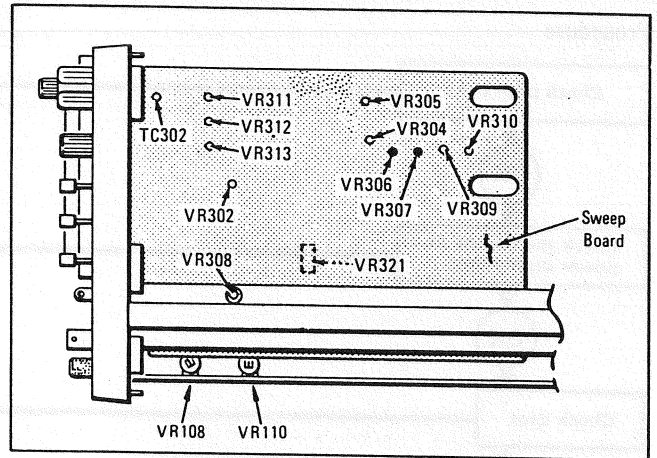


Fig. 14 Location of adjustments, right side of scope

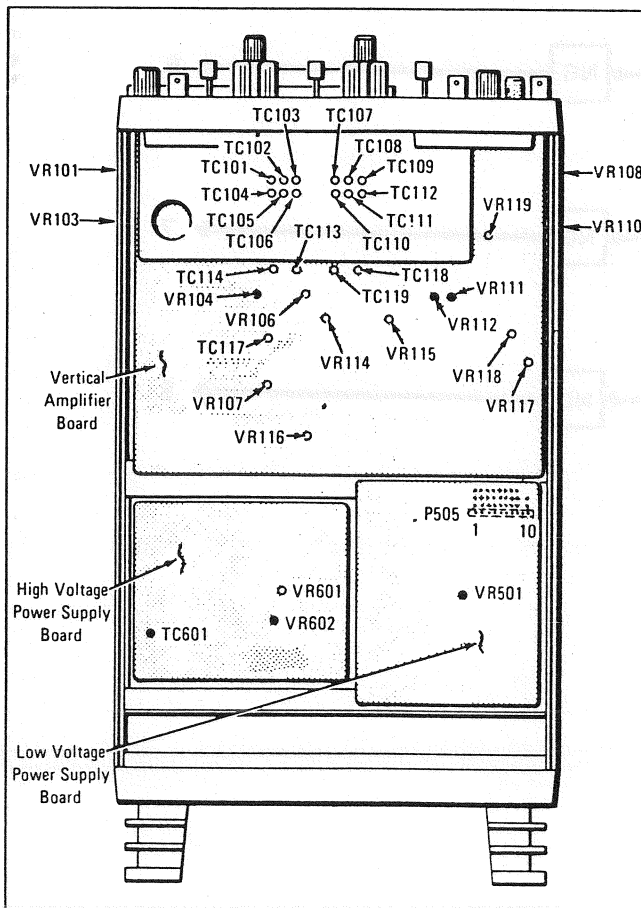


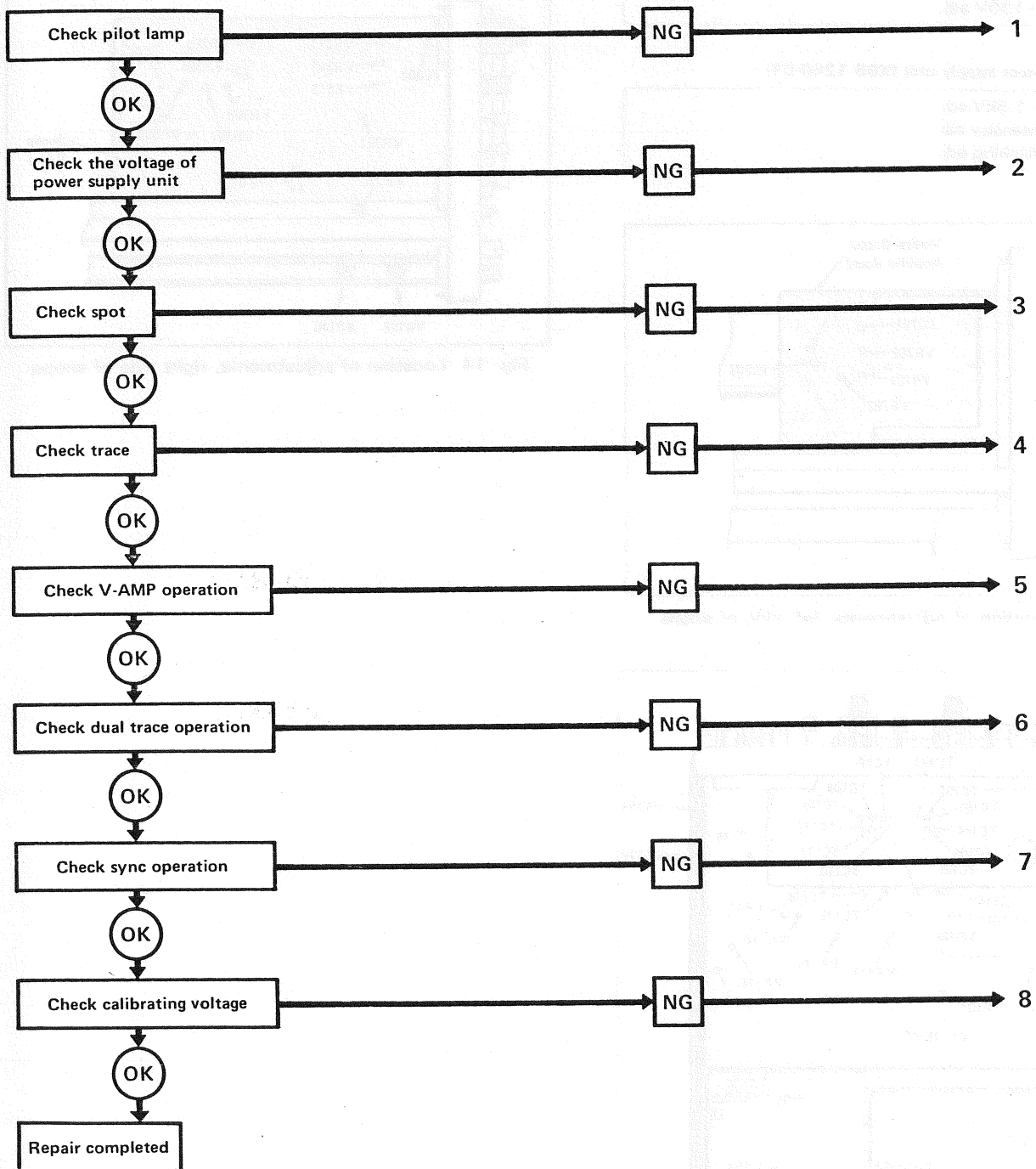
Fig. 13 Location of adjustments, bottom of scope



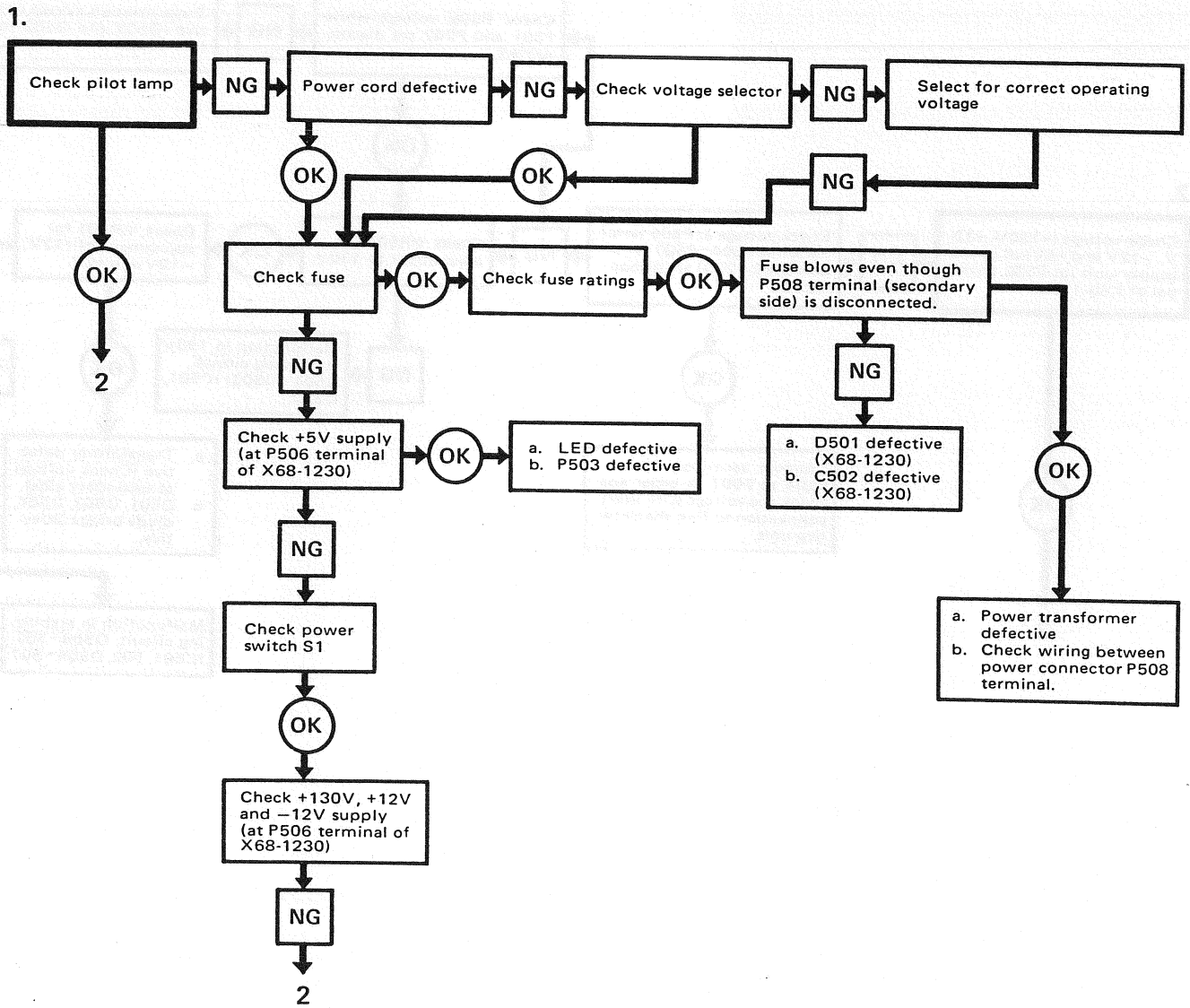
# TROUBLESHOOTING

Procedure

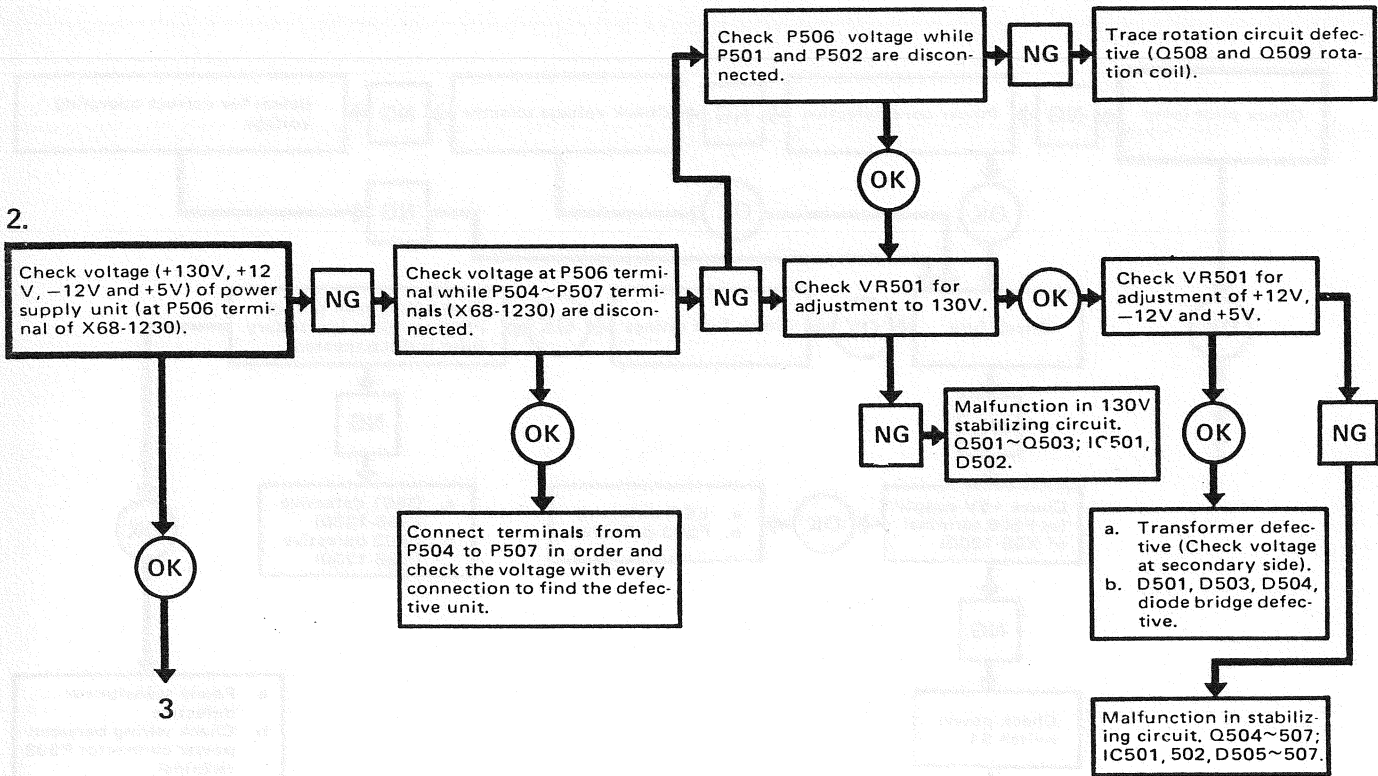
See Troubleshooting Chart No.



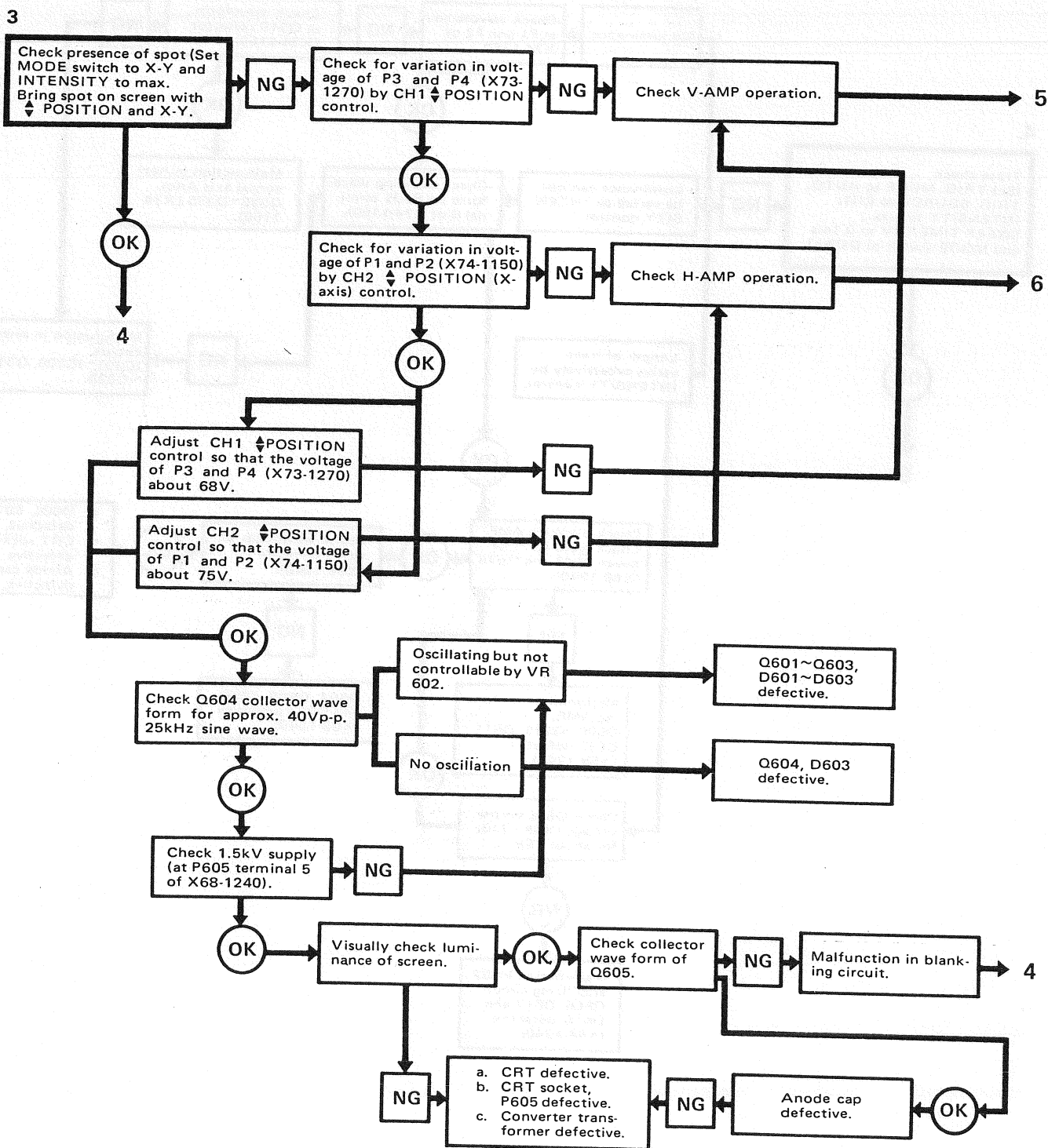
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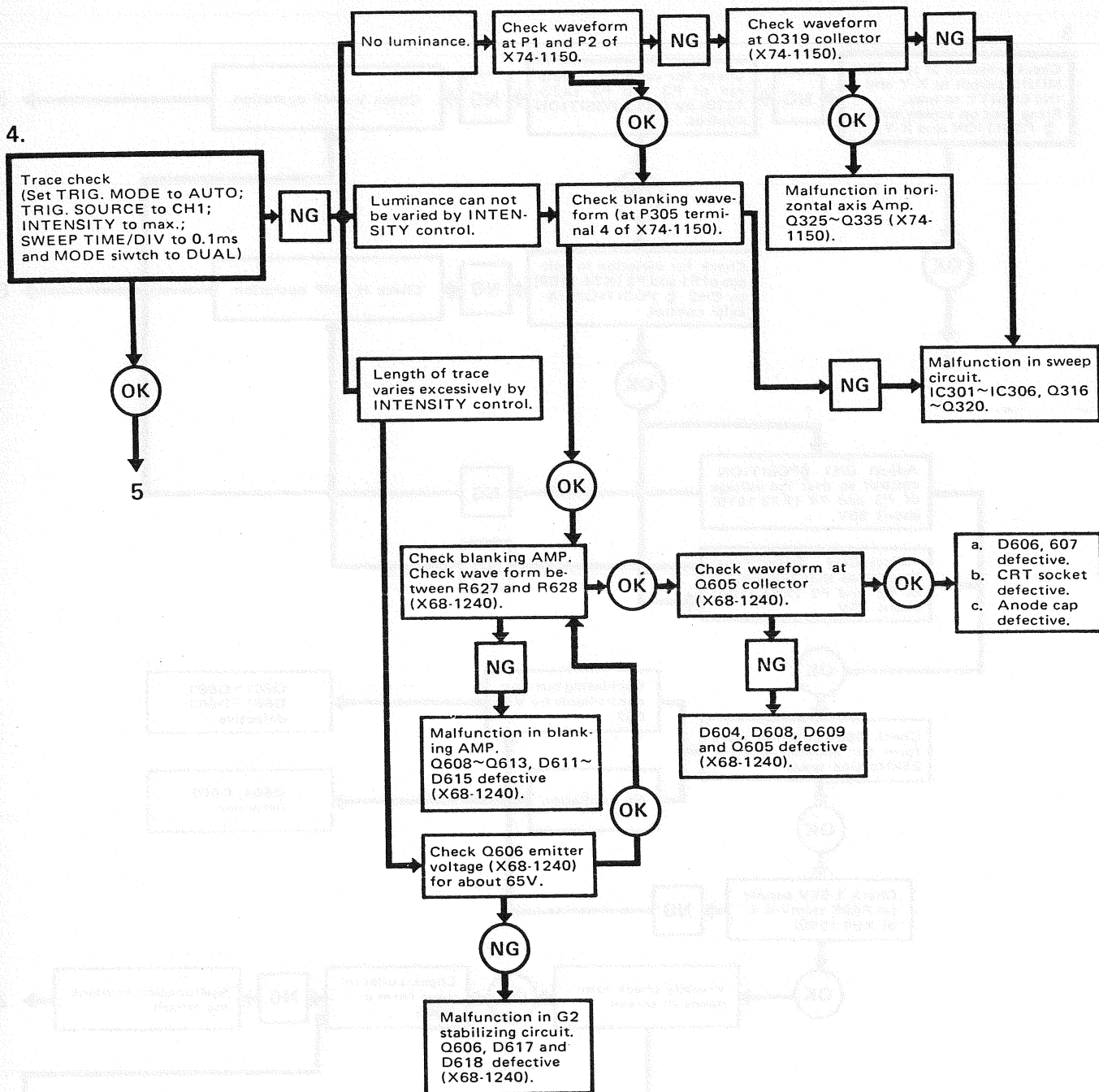
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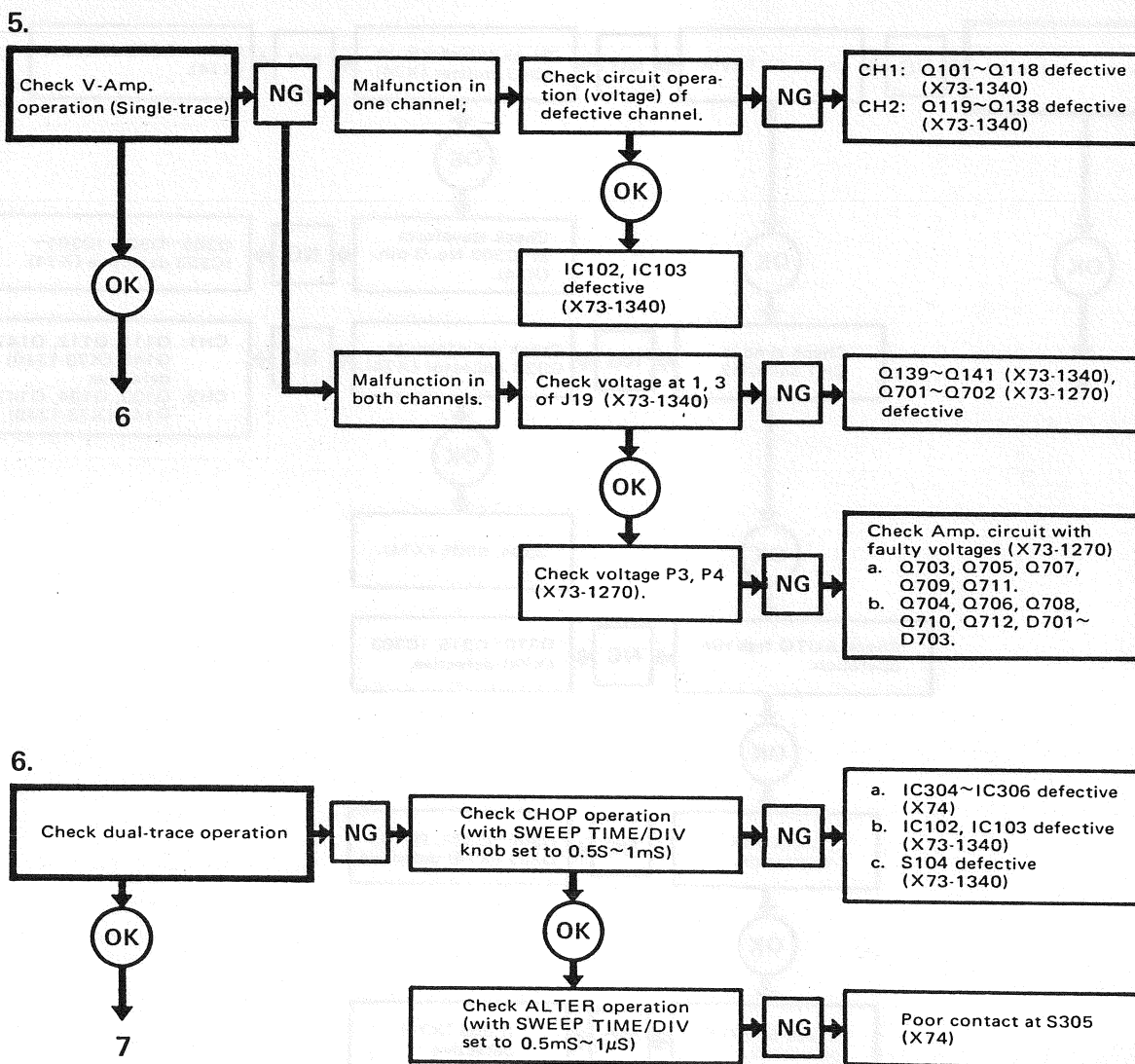
# TROUBLESHOOTING



# TROUBLESHOOTING

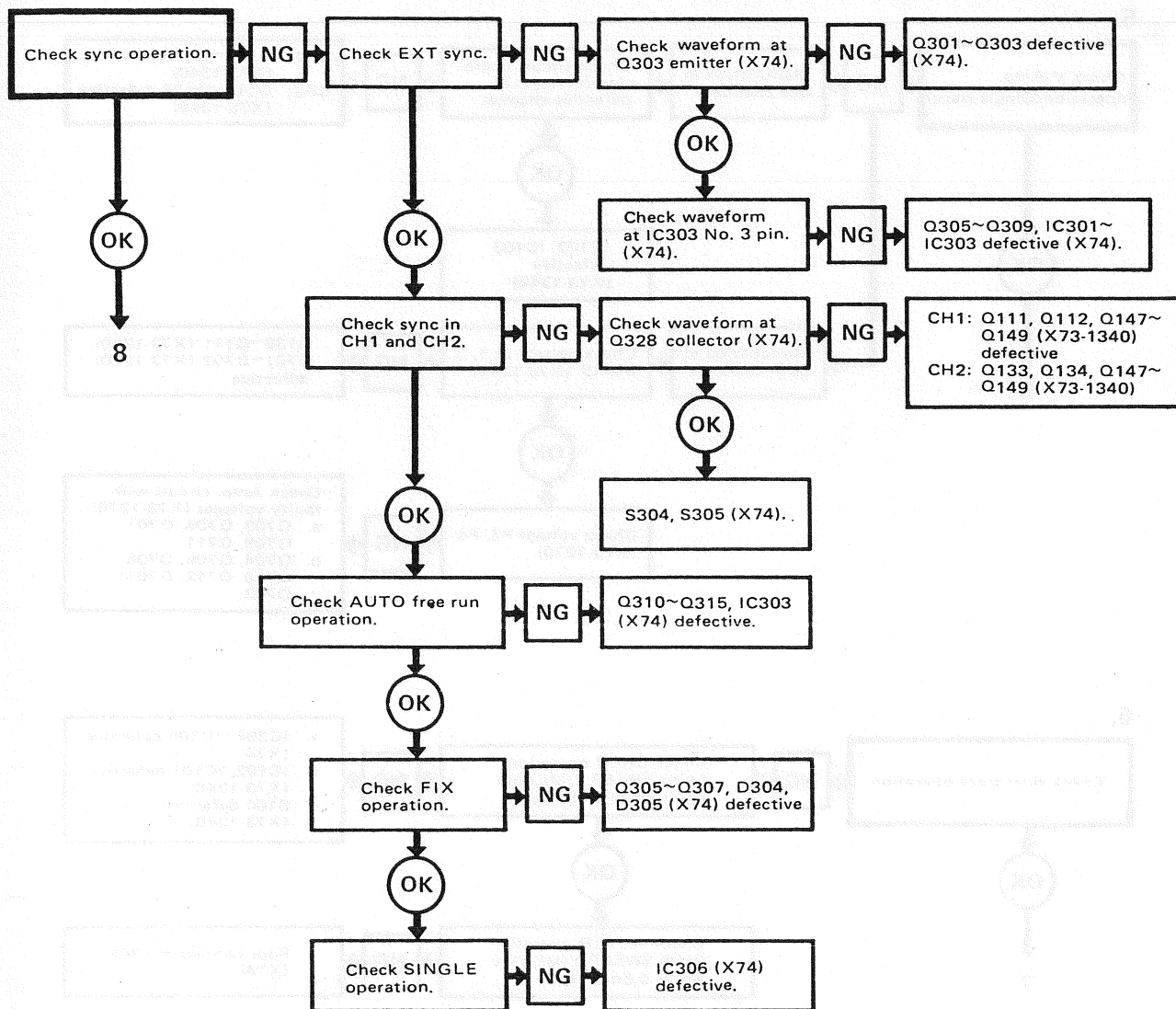


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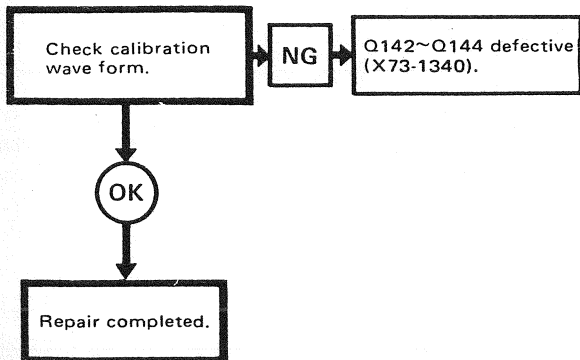


# TROUBLESHOOTING

7.

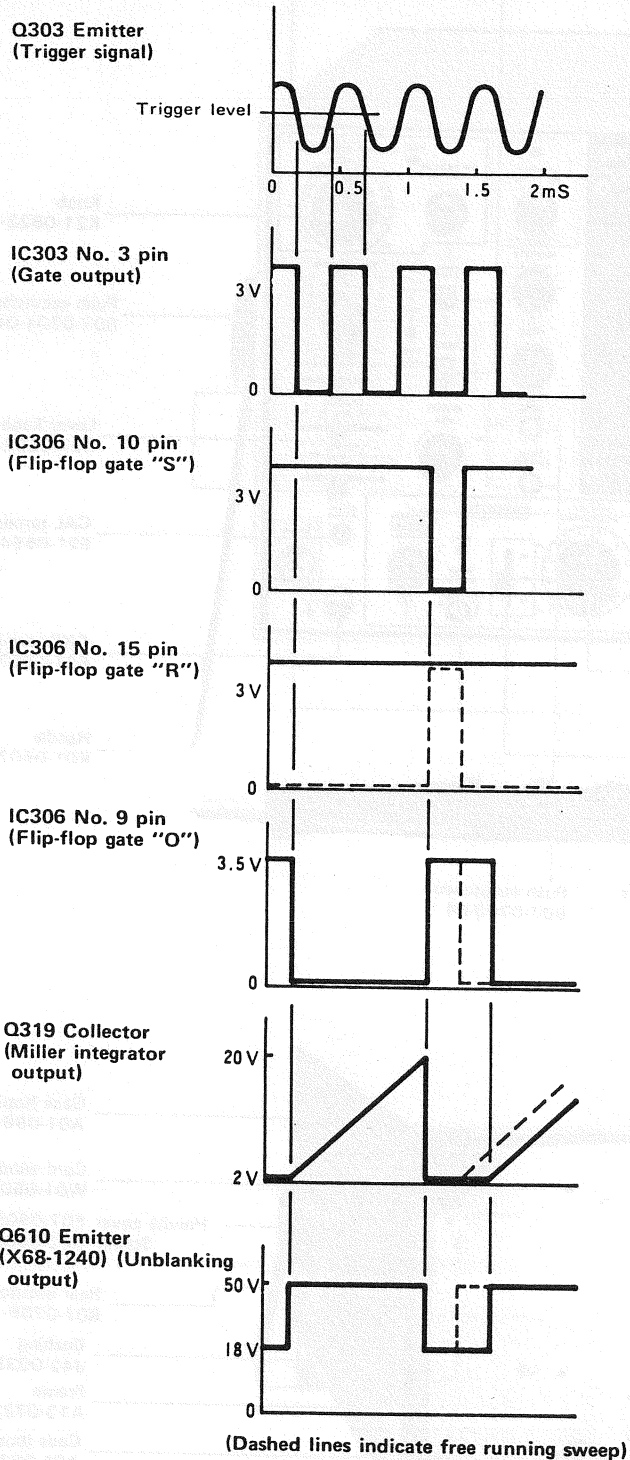


8.



# TROUBLESHOOTING

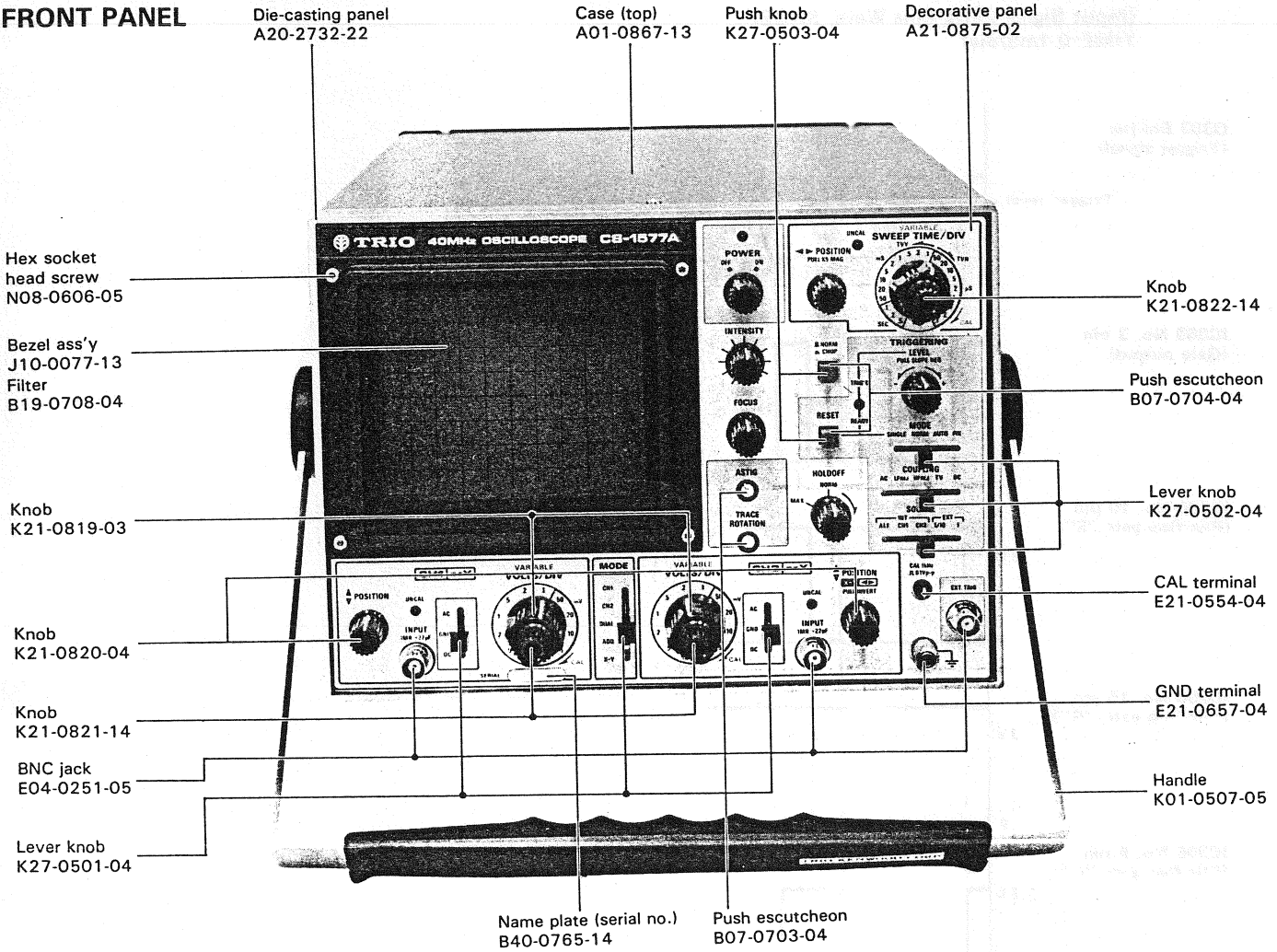
Fig. 15 SWEEP Circuit Waveform (X74-1150-00)  
 (Input Signal 2kHz Sine Wave, SWEEP  
 TIME 0.1mS/div)



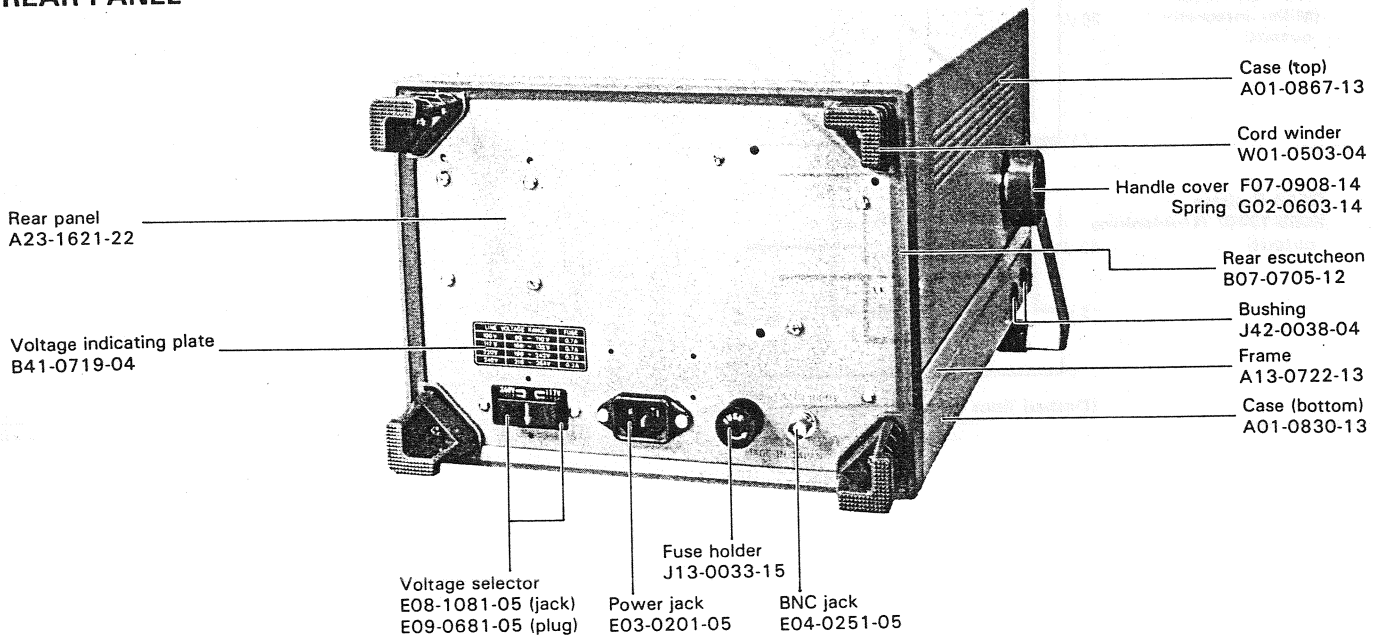


# EXTERNAL VIEW

## FRONT PANEL



## REAR PANEL



# PARTS LIST

## TOTAL

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
	A01-0867-13	Case (Top)	J14	E31-0728-05	Lead wire with connector (for V. out)
	A01-0830-13	Case (Bottom)		F05-8015-05	Fuse 0.8A
	A10-1425-02	Chassis		F05-5013-05	Fuse 0.5A
	A13-0722-13	Frame x 2		F07-0908-14	Handle cover x 2
	A20-2732-22	Die-casting panel		F10-1525-24	Bezel shield
	A21-0875-02	Decorative panel		F10-1528-13	Shield plate
	A23-1621-22	Rear panel		F10-1529-24	Shield plate
	B07-0703-04	Push escutcheon x 2 (round type)		F11-0942-03	CRT shield
	B07-0704-04	Push escutcheon x 2 (rectangular type)		F11-0932-03	Shield case
	B07-0705-12	Rear escutcheon		F15-0710-14	Felt
	B19-0708-04	Filter		F15-0713-14	Felt
	B30-0923-05	Lamp ass'y		F19-0125-14	Scotical sheet
	B30-0903-15	LED		G02-0603-14	Spring (Handle) x 2
	B30-0910-25	Lamp mounting (TRIG'D)		G13-0705-04	CRT mounting rubber x 2
	B40-0765-14	Name plate (serial no.)		H01-2910-14	Packing case
	B41-0719-04	Voltage indicating plate		H10-2807-02	Pad (foamed styrene)
	B50-2916-00	Instruction manual (M)		H12-0522-04	Pad (carton)
	E01-1403-05	CRT socket		H20-1701-24	Protective cover
	E03-0201-05	Power jack		H25-0029-04	Polyethylene bag
	E04-0251-05	BNC jack x 2		J02-0089-05	Rubber leg x 4
	E08-1081-05	Voltage selector jack		J10-0077-13	Bezel ass'y
	E09-0681-05	Voltage selector plug		J10-0072-02	Bezel
	E21-0654-04	CAL terminal		J13-0033-15	Fuse holder
	E21-0657-04	GND terminal		J19-1622-05	Cord keeper
	E23-0015-04	Grounding plate x 2		J19-1618-04	CRT band
	E23-0513-05	Earth lug x 2		J19-1619-04	CRT band
	E29-0504-05	Teflon terminal x 4		J21-2867-04	Bracket (for VR)
	E30-0554-15	Lead wire with connector		J21-2868-04	Bracket (for SW)
	E30-1818-05	JIS cord		J21-2871-04	Bracket (for delay line)
J21	E31-0656-05	Lead wire with connector (for VOLT selector-power jack)		J21-2875-15	Bracket (for handle)
J15	E31-0564-05	Lead wire with connector (for power jack earth)		J21-2876-05	Bracket (for handle)
J10	E31-0526-05	Lead wire with connector (for CAL out)		J21-2899-13	Bracket (for CRT)
J3	E31-0579-05	Lead wire with connector (for FOCUS ASTIG)		J42-0038-04	Bushing x 4
J12	E31-0580-05	Lead wire with connector (for H. POS)		J42-0510-04	Bushing
J11	E31-0581-05	Lead wire with connector (for EXT TRIG)		J61-0049-05	Cable band x 8
J6	E31-0582-05	Lead wire with connector (for blanking)		K01-0507-05	Handle
-	E31-0532-05	Lead wire with connector (for power jack)		K21-0819-03	Knob $\phi$ 23 x 3
J22	E31-0657-15	Lead wire with connector (for H. amp—power)		K21-0820-04	Knob $\phi$ 15 x 8
J20	E31-0654-15	Lead wire with connector (for V. final amp—low volt)		K21-0821-14	Knob $\phi$ 13 x 2 (red)
J5	E31-0584-15	Lead wire with connector (for Z input)		K21-0822-14	Knob $\phi$ 13 (red)
J9	E31-0587-15	Lead wire with connector (for X5. H. POS)		K27-0501-04	Lever knob x 3 (black)
J2	E31-0588-15	Lead wire with connector (for hi. volt—low volt)		K27-0502-04	Lever knob x 3 (gray)
J7	E31-0592-05	Lead wire with connector (for rotation VR)		K27-0503-04	Push knob x 3 (blue)
J18	E31-0593-05	Lead wire with connector (for delay line)		L01-9146-05	CRT 140CGB31
J19	E31-0653-05	Lead wire with connector (for pre amp—delay line)		L39-0509-05	Power transformer
J17	E31-0533-05	Lead wire with connector (for CRT shield)		L76-0104-05	Rotator coil
-	E31-0713-15	Lead wire with connector (for L39-0509-15)		L40-3991-41	Delay line
J4	E31-0726-05	Lead wire with connector (for CRT socket)		RD14BB2E151J	Ferri-inductor 1 $\mu$ H
J13	E31-0727-15	Lead wire with connector (for H. out)		VR1	Carbon resistor 150 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
				VR2	Variable resistor (S1) 1k $\Omega$
				VR3	Variable resistor (INTEN) 1k $\Omega$ B
				VR4	Variable resistor (ROTATION) 10k $\Omega$ B
				VR5	Variable resistor (H. POS) 500 $\Omega$ B
				VR6	Variable resistor (HOLDOFF) 10k $\Omega$ B
				VR7	Variable resistor (FOCUS) 3M $\Omega$ B
				C1	Variable resistor (ASTIG) 250k $\Omega$ B
				S1	Ceramic capacitor 0.01 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 20%
				S2	Power switch
					Push switch

# PARTS LIST

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
	N08-0606-05	Hex socket head screw x 4
	W01-0503-04	Cord winder x 4
	X68-1230-02	Low voltage power supply unit
	X68-1240-01	High voltage power supply unit
	X73-1340-00	Vertical amplifier unit
	X73-1270-01	Vertical final amplifier unit
	X74-1150-00	Horizontal sweep amplifier unit
	X77-1020-00	Voltage selector unit

## LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY UNIT (X68-1230-02)

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
<b>RESISTOR</b>		
R501	RD14BB2E152J	Carbon 1.5kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R502	RD14BB2E153J	Carbon 15kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R503	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon 100Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R504	RD14BB2E102J	Carbon 1kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R505	RD14BY2H100J	Carbon 10Ω ± 5% 1/2W
R506	RD14BB2E152J	Carbon 1.5kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R507	RD14BB2E124J	Carbon 120kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R508	RN14BK2E1303F	Metal film 130kΩ ± 1% 1/4W
R509	RN14BK2E1202F	Metal film 12kΩ ± 1% 1/4W
R510	RD14BB2E561J	Carbon 560Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R511	RN14BK2E5101F	Metal film 5.1kΩ ± 1% 1/4W
R512	RN14BK2E1202F	Metal film 12kΩ ± 1% 1/4W
R513	RD14BB2E151J	Carbon 150Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R514	RD14BB2E561J	Carbon 560Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R515	RN14BK2E1102F	Metal film 11kΩ ± 1% 1/4W
R516	RD14BB2E561J	Carbon 560Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R517,518	RN14BK2E1202F	Metal film 12kΩ ± 1% 1/4W
R519	RD14BB2E182J	Carbon 1.8kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
VR501	R12-1033-05	Semi-fixed resistor 2.2kΩ

### CAPACITOR

C501	CE04W2E221	Electrolytic 220μF 250WV
C502	CE04W2E4R7	Electrolytic 4.7μF 250WV
C503	CE04W2C100	Electrolytic 10μF 160WV
C504	CE04W1C472	Electrolytic 4700μF 16WV
C505	CE04W1A331	Electrolytic 330μF 10WV
C506	CE04W1E222	Electrolytic 2200μF 25WV
C507	CE04W1E100	Electrolytic 10μF 25WV
C508	CE04W1C221	Electrolytic 220μF 16WV
C509	CE04W1E222	Electrolytic 2200μF 25WV
C510	CE04W1C221	Electrolytic 220μF 16WV
☆C511	C90-0298-05	Semiconductor ceramic 0.1μF + 80% - 20%

### SEMICONDUCTOR

Q501,502		Transistor 2SC1505
Q503		Transistor 2SC945(P)
Q504		Transistor 2SA913
Q506		Transistor 2SC1913(Q,R)
Q507		Transistor 2SA913
Q508		Transistor 2SA684 or 2SA773
Q509		Transistor 2SC1384 or 2SC1475
IC501,502	IC	NJM4558D
D501		Bridge rectifier SIQB60
D502		Diode 1S1555
D503,504		Bridge rectifier S2VB40
D505		Diode 1S1555
D506		Zener diode WZ-120
D507 ~ 509		Diode 1S1555

### MISCELLANEOUS

P501	E40-0267-05	Connector 2P
P502	E40-0367-05	Connector 3P

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
P503	E40-0967-05	Connector 9P
P504	E40-0867-05	Connector 8P
P505	E40-1067-05	Connector 10P
P506,507	E40-0964-05	Connector 9P
P508	E40-0803-05	Connector 8P
	E23-0047-04	Terminal
	F01-0816-14	Heat sink
	F01-0820-14	Heat sink
	J25-2848-13	Printed circuit board
	R92-0150-05	Jumper wire (resistor type) x 13

## HIGH VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY UNIT (X68-1240-01)

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
<b>RESISTOR</b>		
R601	RN14BK2E1003F	Metal film 100kΩ ± 1% 1/4W
R602,603	RD14BB2E103J	Carbon 10kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R604	RD14BB2E102J	Carbon 1kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R605	RD14BB2E222J	Carbon 2.2kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R606	RD14BB2E221J	Carbon 220Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R607	RD14BB2E473J	Carbon 47kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R608	RD14BB2E183J	Carbon 18kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R609	R92-0756-05	Metal glaze film 47MΩ 1/2W
R610	R92-0761-05	Metal glaze film 2.7MΩ 1/2W
R611	R92-0707-05	Metal glaze film 8.2MΩ 1W
R612	RD14BB2E184J	Carbon 180kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R613	RD14BB2E331J	Carbon 330Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R614	RD14BB2E333J	Carbon 33kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R615,616	RD14CB2E563J	Carbon 56kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R617	RD14BB2E563J	Carbon 56kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R618	RD14BB2E103J	Carbon 10kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R619	RD14BB2E272J	Carbon 2.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R620	RD14CB2E123J	Carbon 12kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R621	RD14BB2E561J	Carbon 560Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R622	RD14BB2E222J	Carbon 2.2kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R623	RD14BB2E682J	Carbon 6.8kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R624	RD14BB2E473J	Carbon 47kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R625	RD14BB2E331J	Carbon 330Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R626	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon 47Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R627	RD14CB2E470J	Carbon 47Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R628	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon 47Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R629	RS14GB3D223J	Metal film 22kΩ ± 5% 2W
R630	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon 47Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R631	RD14BB2E331J	Carbon 330Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R632	RD14CB2E331J	Carbon 330Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R633	RD14BB2E103J	Carbon 10kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R634	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon 100Ω ± 5% 1/4W
VR601	R12-3502-05	Semi-fixed resistor 33kΩB
VR602	R12-4502-05	Semi-fixed resistor 68kΩB

### CAPACITOR

C601	C91-0033-05	Metalized polyester film 1μF 100WV
C602	CQ93M1H103K	Mylar 0.01μF ± 10%
C603,604	CE04W1H471	Electrolytic 470μF 50WV
C605,606	C91-0526-05	Metalized polypropylene film 0.01μF 1.2kVW
C607,608	CK45E3D103P	Ceramic 0.01μF + 100%, -0%
C609	CK45E3D102P	Ceramic 1000pF + 100%, -0%
C610	CE04W2E010	Electrolytic 1μF 250WV
C612	CC45CH2H010C	Ceramic 1pF ± 0.25pF
C613	CC45SL2H101J	Ceramic 100pF ± 0.25pF
C614	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 0.25pF
C615	CE04W1A221	Electrolytic 220μF 10WV
C616	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%
C617 ~ 619	CK45D2H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%
C620	CE04W2C100	Electrolytic 10μF 160WV

# PARTS LIST

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
C621	CK45D2H103M	Ceramic 0.01 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 20%
C622	CC45CH2H100D	Ceramic 10pF $\pm$ 0.5pF
TC601	C05-0405-05	Ceramic trimmer 20pF
SEMICONDUCTOR		
Q601,602		Transistor 2SC945 (P)
Q603		Transistor 2SA733 (Q)
Q604		Transistor 2SD401A (K)
Q605		Transistor 2SC983 (Y)
Q606		Transistor 2SC1505
Q607		Transistor 2SC1047 (C)
Q608		Transistor 2SC1973
Q609		Transistor 2SC1953 (R)
Q610		Transistor 2SA914 (R)
Q611		Transistor 2SC1953 (R)
Q612		Transistor 2SA914 (R)
Q613		Transistor 2SC1973
D601~604		Diode 1S1555
D605		Diode Y16JA
D606,607		Diode W06C
D608,609		Diode 1SS83
D610		Diode 1S1555
D611,612		Diode 1S1587
D613,614		Diode 1S1555
D615		Zener diode WZ-061
D616	W02-0403-05	High voltage rectifier MSL-2535A
D617,618		Diode W06C
MISCELLANEOUS		
P601,602	E40-0269-05	Connector 2P
P603	E40-1069-05	Connector 10P
P604,605	E40-1269-05	Connector 12P
	F01-0813-05	Heat sink
	F01-0820-04	Heat sink x 2
	J25-2849-13	Printed circuit board
L601	L40-1025-03	Ferri-inductor 1mH
T601	L19-0405-05	Converter transformer
NL601,602		Neon lamp NE-2
	R92-0150-05	Jumper wire (resistor type) x 12

## VERTICAL AMPLIFIER UNIT (X73-1340-00)

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
RESISTOR		
R101	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon (with S101) 47 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R102	RC05GF2H105J	Solid (with S101) 1M $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/2W
☆R105	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon 100 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R106,107	RN14BK2E4701F	Metal film 4.7k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R108~110	RD14CB2E220J	Carbon 22 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R111	RD14CB2E101J	Carbon 100 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R112,113	RN14BK2E2701F	Metal film 2.7k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R114	RD14CB2E101J	Carbon 100 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R116	RN14BK2E1800F	Metal film 180 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R117	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon 47 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R119,120	RN14BK2E3901F	Metal film 3.9k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R121,122	RD14CB2E220J	Carbon 22 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R123	RD14BB2E471J	Carbon 470 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R124,125	RN14BK2E1501F	Metal film 1.5k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R126	RN14BK2E4700F	Metal film 470 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R128	RN14BK2E2700F	Metal film 270 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R129	RN14BK2E1000F	Metal film 100 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R130	RD14BB2E1R2J	Carbon 1.2 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
R131	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon 22 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R132	RD14BB2E121J	Carbon 120 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R133	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon 22 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R134	RN14BK2E1300F	Metal film 130 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R135	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon 100 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R136,137	RN14BK2E1001F	Metal film 1k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R138,139	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon 100 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R140	RD14BB2E682J	Carbon 6.8k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R141	RD14BB2E222J	Carbon 2.2k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R142,143	RN14BK2E4300F	Metal film 430 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R144	RD14BB2E821J	Carbon 820 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R146,147	RN14BK2E4701F	Metal film 4.7k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R148,149	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon 22 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R150	RN14BK2E1800F	Metal film 180 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R151,152	RN14BK2E2701F	Metal film 2.7k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R155	RD14BB2E471J	Carbon 470 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R156	RN14BK2E2201F	Metal film 2.2k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R157	RN14BK2E3300F	Metal film 330 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R158	RN14BK2E2201F	Metal film 2.2k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R160	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon 100 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R161,162	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon 22 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R163	RN14BK2E4301F	Metal film 4.3k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R164	RN14BK2E9100F	Metal film 910 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R165,166	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon 22 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R167	RN14BK2E4701F	Metal film 4.7k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R168	RN14BK2E6200F	Metal film 620 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R169,170	RN14BK2E1001F	Metal film 1k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R171	RN14BK2E8200F	Metal film 820 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R172,173	RN14BK2E1001F	Metal film 1k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R174	RN14BK2E8200F	Metal film 820 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R175	RD14BB2E103J	Carbon 10k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R176	RD14BB2E393J	Carbon 39k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R177,178	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon 22 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R179,180	RN14BK2E2700F	Metal film 270 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R181	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon 100 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R182,183	RN14BK2E91ROF	Metal film 91 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R184	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon 100 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R185~189	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon 4.7k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R190	RD14BB2E102J	Carbon 1k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R191,192	RD14BB2E103J	Carbon 10k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R193	RD14BB2E561J	Carbon 560 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R194	RD14BB2E182J	Carbon 1.8k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R195	RD14BB2E102J	Carbon 1k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R196	RN14BK2E4701F	Metal film 4.7k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R197	RN14BK2E6200F	Metal film 620 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R198,199	RD14BB2E221J	Carbon 220 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R201	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon (with S102) 47 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R202	RC05GF2H105J	Solid (with S102) 1M $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/2W
☆R205	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon 100 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R206,207	RN14BK2E4701F	Metal film 4.7k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R208~210	RD14CB2E220J	Carbon 22 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R211	RD14CB2E101J	Carbon 100 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R212,213	RN14BK2E2701F	Metal film 2.7k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R214	RD14CB2E101J	Carbon 100 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R216	RN14BK2E1800F	Metal film 180 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R217	RD14BB2E181J	Carbon 180 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R219,220	RN14BK2E3901F	Metal film 3.9k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R221,222	RD14CB2E220J	Carbon 22 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R223	RD14BB2E471J	Carbon 470 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R224,225	RN14BK2E1501F	Metal film 1.5k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R226	RN14BK2E4700F	Metal film 470 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R228	RN14BK2E2700F	Metal film 270 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R229	RN14BK2E1000F	Metal film 100 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R230	RD14BB2E1R2J	Carbon 1.2 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R231	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon 22 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R232	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon 47 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R233	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon 22 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R234	RN14BK2E1300F	Metal film 130 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R235,236	RN14BK2E1001F	Metal film 1k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% 1/4W
R237~240	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon 100 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R241	RD14BB2E682J	Carbon 6.8k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
R242	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon 4.7k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W

# PARTS LIST

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
R243	RD14BB2E682J	Carbon 6.8kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C118	CE04W1C470	Electrolytic (with S102) 47μF 16WV
R244, 245	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon 4.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C119	C91-0501-05	Mylar (with S102) 0.047μF ± 10%
R246, 247	RN14BK2E4300F	Metal film 430Ω ± 1% 1/4W	C121	CE04W1C470	Electrolytic 47μF 16WV
R248	RD14BB2E821J	Carbon 820Ω ± 5% 1/4W	C122	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%
R249, 250	RN14BK2E4701F	Metal film 4.7kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	C124	CC45CH1H150J	Ceramic 15pF ± 5%
R251, 252	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon 22Ω ± 5% 1/4W	C125, 126	CC45CH1H120J	Ceramic 12pF ± 5%
R253	RN14BK2E1800F	Metal film 180Ω ± 1% 1/4W	C127, 128	CH45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%
R254, 255	RD14BB2E2701F	Metal film 2.7kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	C130	CC45CH1H470J	Ceramic 47pF ± 5%
R258	RD14BB2E471J	Carbon 470Ω ± 5% 1/4W	C131	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%
R259, 260	RN14BK2E2201F	Metal film 2.2kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	C132, 133	CQ93M1H682J	Mylar 6800pF ± 5%
R261	RN14BK2E2200F	Metal film 220Ω ± 1% 1/4W	C134	CE04W1C470	Electrolytic 47μF 16WV
R263	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon 100Ω ± 5% 1/4W	C135, 136	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%
R264, 265	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon 22Ω ± 5% 1/4W	C137	CC45CH1H120J	Ceramic 12pF ± 5%
R266	RN14BK2E4301F	Metal film 4.3kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	C138	CC45CH1H150J	Ceramic 15pF ± 5%
R267	RN14BK2E9100F	Metal film 910Ω ± 1% 1/4W	C141, 142	CC45CH1H120J	Ceramic 12pF ± 5%
R268, 269	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon 22Ω ± 5% 1/4W	C143	CE04W1C470	Electrolytic 47μF 16WV
R270	RN14BK2E4701F	Metal film 4.7kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	C144	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%
R271	RN14BK2E6200F	Metal film 620Ω ± 1% 1/4W	C146	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%
R272	RN14BK2E4701F	Metal film 4.7kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	C147 ~ 149	CE04W1C470	Electrolytic 47μF 16WV
R273	RN14BK2E1000F	Metal film 100Ω ± 1% 1/4W	C150	CC45CH1H030C	Ceramic 3pF ± 5%
R274	RD14BB2E104J	Carbon 100kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C152	CC45CH1H050C	Ceramic 5pF ± 0.25pF
R275	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon 4.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C154	CE04W1A221M	Electrolytic 220μF 10WV
R276, 277	RD14BB2E563J	Carbon 56kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C156	C90-0298-05	Semi-conductor ceramic 0.1μF + 80%, - 20%
R278	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon 4.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C157	CC45CH1H680J	Ceramic 68pF ± 5%
R280	RN14BK2E3901F	Metal film 3.9kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	C159	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic (with VR102) 0.01μF ± 20%
R281	RN14BK2E75R0F	Metal film 75Ω ± 1% 1/4W	C160	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic (with VR109) 0.01μF ± 20%
R282	RN14BK2E1101F	Metal film 1.1kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	C163, 164	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%
R283, 284	RD14BB2E4R7J	Carbon 4.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C167	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%
R287	RD14BB2E152J	Carbon 1.5kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C169, 170	CC45SL1H181J	Ceramic 180pF ± 5%
R288	RD14CB2E821J	Carbon 820Ω ± 5% 1/4W	C171	CC45CH1H100D	Ceramic 10pF ± 0.5pF
R289 ~ 292	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon 100Ω ± 5% 1/4W	☆ C172	CC45CH1H100D	Ceramic 10pF ± 0.5pF
R293	RD14BB2E331J	Carbon 330Ω ± 5% 1/4W	☆ C173	CC45CH1H020C	Ceramic 2pF ± 0.25pF
R294	RD14BB2E121J	Carbon 120Ω ± 5% 1/4W	☆ C174, 175	CC45CH1H050C	Ceramic 5pF ± 0.25pF
☆ R295, 296	RD14BB2E561J	Carbon 560Ω ± 5% 1/4W	☆ C176, 177	CC45CH1H330J	Ceramic 33pF ± 5%
R298, 299	RD14BB2E270J	Carbon 27Ω ± 5% 1/4W	TC113, 114	C05-0405-05	Ceramic trimmer 20pF
R301, 302	RN14BK2E2000F	Metal film 200Ω ± 1% 1/4W	TC117	C05-0404-05	Ceramic trimmer 10pF
R303	RD14CB2E3R3J	Carbon 3.3Ω ± 5% 1/4W	TC118, 119	C05-0405-05	Ceramic trimmer 20pF
R304, 305	RN14BK2E2000F	Metal film 200Ω ± 1% 1/4W	<b>SEMICONDUCTOR</b>		
R306	RD14CB2E3R3J	Carbon 3.3Ω ± 5% 1/4W	Q101		FET 2SK228T-1-2 or 1-3
R307	RD14BB2E561J	Carbon 560Ω ± 5% 1/4W	Q103, 104		Transistor 2SC1047 (C)
R308	RN14BK2E2400F	Metal film 240Ω ± 1% 1/4W	Q105, 106		Transistor 2SA838 (C)
R309	RD14BB2E431J	Metal film 430Ω ± 5% 1/4W	Q107 ~ 120		Transistor 2SC1047 (C)
☆ R312	RD14BB2E751J	Carbon 750Ω ± 5% 1/4W	Q121		FET 2SK228T-1-2 or 1-3
☆ R313	RD14BB2E562J	Carbon 5.6kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	Q123, 124		Transistor 2SC1047 (C)
☆ R314	RD14BB2E332J	Carbon 3.3kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	Q125, 126		Transistor 2SA838 (C)
VR101	R12-0517-05	Semi-fixed resistor 220ΩB	Q127 ~ 138		Transistor 2SC1047 (C)
VR103	R12-0515-05	Semi-fixed resistor 100ΩB	Q139		Transistor 2SA733 (Q)
VR104	R12-0502-05	Semi-fixed resistor 100ΩB	Q140, 141		Transistor 2SC1047 (C)
VR105	R01-1013-25	Semi-fixed resistor 1kΩB	Q142 ~ 144		Transistor 2SA733 (Q)
VR106	R12-0058-05	Semi-fixed resistor 490ΩB	Q145		Transistor 2SA755
VR107	R12-0511-05	Semi-fixed resistor 220ΩB	Q146		Transistor 2SA733 (Q)
VR108	R12-0517-05	Semi-fixed resistor 470ΩB	Q147		Transistor 2SC1047 (C)
VR110	R12-0515-05	Semi-fixed resistor 100ΩB	Q148, 149		Transistor 2SA838 (C)
VR111, 112	R12-0502-05	Semi-fixed resistor 100ΩB	D101		Zener diode YZ-030
VR113	R01-1502-05	Semi-fixed resistor 1kΩB	D102		Diode 1S1555
VR114	R12-0503-05	Semi-fixed resistor 150ΩB	D105		Zener diode YZ-030
VR115, 116	R12-0511-05	Semi-fixed resistor 220ΩB	D106		Diode 1S1555
VR117	R12-1501-05	Semi-fixed resistor 1.5kΩB	D109 ~ 111		Diode 1S1555
VR118, 119	R12-5025-05	Semi-fixed resistor 100kΩB	D112		Diode 1N60
<b>CAPACITOR</b>			D113 ~ 124		Diode 1S1555
C101	C91-0501-05	Mylar (with S101) 0.047μF ± 10%	D125, 126		Diode 1S1544A
C103	CE04W1A470	Electrolytic 47μF 10WV	IC101		IC SN74S00N
C104	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%	IC102		IC SN74S02N
C106	CC45CH1H180J	Ceramic 18pF ± 5%	IC103		IC SN74S112N
C107, 108	CC45CH1H120J	Ceramic 12pF ± 5%	<b>MISCELLANEOUS</b>		
C109	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%	—	A22-0810-13	Sub panel
C111	CC45CH1H470J	Ceramic 47pF ± 5%			
C112	CH45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%			
C113, 114	CE04W1C470	Electrolytic 47μF 16WV			
C115 ~ 117	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%			

# PARTS LIST

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
—	B30-0913-05	LED with lead x 2
—	E04-0251-05	BNC jack x 2
—	E23-0047-04	Terminal
—	E23-0502-14	Grounding plate x 2
—	E23-0513-05	Earth lug x 2
—	E31-0630-05	Lead wire with connector
—	E29-0503-05	Terminal x 2 (Teflon)
—	E29-0504-05	Terminal x 2 (Teflon)
—	E29-0513-05	Terminal x 2 (Teflon)
P101	E40-0367-05	Pin connector 3P
P102	E40-1067-05	Pin connector 10P
—	F10-1534-04	Shield plate
—	F10-1934-14	Shield case
—	F11-0935-14	Shield case x 2
L101 ~ 103	L40-4701-03	Ferri-inductor 47μH
ATT101,102	R29-0501-15	ATT Rotary
—	R92-0150-05	Jumper wire (resistor type) x 80
S101,102	S33-1501-05	Lever switch
S104	S32-4008-05	Lever switch
TH101,102	—	Thermistor SDT-1000
—	J25-2846-22	Printed circuit board

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
C723,724	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%
C726	CC45CH1H050C	Ceramic 5pF ± 0.25pF
TC702 ~ 704	C05-0405-05	Ceramic trimmer 20pF
<b>SEMICONDUCTOR</b>		
Q701 ~ 704	—	Transistor 2SC1047 (C)
Q705,706	—	Transistor 2SC2407
Q707,708	—	Transistor 2SC805A-2 (2)
Q709,710	—	Transistor 2SA923-2 (2)
Q711,712	—	Transistor 2SC1973 (TRIO)
D701,702	—	Diode 1S1555
D703	—	Zener diode WZ-061
<b>MISCELLANEOUS</b>		
—	E23-0046-04	Terminal x 2
P701	E40-0367-05	Connector 3P
P702	E40-1067-05	Connector 10P
—	F01-0819-24	Heat sink x 2
—	J19-1621-04	Supporter
—	J21-2870-04	P.C. board mounting hardware x 2
—	J25-2855-14	Printed circuit board
—	J29-2870-04	Bracket (for p.c. board)
—	J30-0605-05	Spacer (for diode)
—	R92-0150-05	Jumper wire (resistor type) x 6

## VERTICAL FINAL AMPLIFIER UNIT (X73-1270-01)

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
<b>RESISTOR</b>		
R701	RN14BK2E1800F	Metal film 180Ω ± 1% 1/4W
R702,703	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon 47Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R704,705	RD14BB2E152J	Carbon 1.5kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R706	RD14BB2E151J	Carbon 150Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R708	RD14BB2E511J	Carbon 510Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R709,710	RD14BB2E471J	Carbon 470Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R711,712	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon 22Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R713,714	RD14BB2E821J	Carbon 820Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R715	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon 120Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R716	RD14BB2E912J	Carbon 9.1kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R717,718	RD14BB2E182J	Carbon 1.8kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R719	RD14BB2E222J	Carbon 2.2kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R720,721	RD14BB2E332J	Carbon 3.3kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R724,725	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon 47Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R726,727	RD14BB2E473J	Carbon 47kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R728,729	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon 22Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R730	RS14AB3D223J	Metal film 22kΩ ± 5% 2W
R731,732	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon 22Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R733,734	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon 47Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R735	RD14BB2E331J	Carbon 330Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R736,737	RD14BB2E332J	Carbon 3.3kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R738	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon 47Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R739	RD14BB2E223J	Carbon 22kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
VR701	R12-5002-05	Semi-fixed resistor 100kΩB
VR702	R12-1028-05	Semi-fixed resistor 4.7kΩB
VR703	R12-0058-05	Semi-fixed resistor 470ΩB
<b>CAPACITOR</b>		
C703,704	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%
C705	CC45CH1H100D	Ceramic 10pF ± 0.5pF
C706	CC45CH1H200J	Ceramic 20pF ± 5%
C707 ~ 710	CC45C2H010C	Ceramic 1pF ± 0.25pF
C711,712	CK45D2H102M	Ceramic 1000pF ± 20%
C713,714	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%
C715,717	CK45D2H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%
C718	CE04W2C100	Electrolytic 10μF 160WV
C719	CC45CH1H220J	Ceramic 22pF ± 5%

## HORIZONTAL SWEEP AMP. UNIT (X74-1150-00)

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
<b>RESISTOR</b>		
R301	RD14CB2E183J	Carbon 18kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R302	RD14BB2E104J	Carbon 100kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R303	RN14BK2H1004F	Metal film 1MΩ ± 1% 1/2W
R304	RD14BB2E104J	Carbon 100kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R305	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon 47Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R306	RD14BB2E102J	Carbon 1kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R307	RD14BB2E562J	Carbon 5.6kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R308	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon 47Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R309	RD14BB2E332J	Carbon 3.3kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R310	RD14BB2E151J	Carbon 150Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R311	RD14CB2E474J	Carbon 470kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R312	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon 4.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R313	RD14CB2E472J	Carbon 4.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R314	RN14BK2H9003F	Metal film 900kΩ ± 1% 1/2W
R315	RN14BK2E1113F	Metal film 111kΩ ± 1% 1/4W
R317,318	RD14BB2E332J	Carbon 3.3kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R319	RD14BB2E222J	Carbon 2.2kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R321	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon 47Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R322	RD14BB2E562J	Carbon 5.6kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R323	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon 47Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R324	RD14BB2E332J	Carbon 3.3kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R325	RD14BB2E104J	Carbon 100kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R326	RD14BB2E332J	Carbon 3.3kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R327	RD14BB2E333J	Carbon 33kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R328	RD14CB2E103J	Carbon 10kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R329	RD14BB2E104J	Carbon 100kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R330	RD14BB2E332J	Carbon 3.3kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R331	RD14BB2E333J	Carbon 33kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R332	RD14BB2E223J	Carbon 22kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R333	RD14BB2E151J	Carbon 150Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R334	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon 4.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R335	RD14BB2E103J	Carbon 10kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R336	RD14BB2E561J	Carbon 560Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R337	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon 100Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R338 ~ 340	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon 4.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R341	RD14BB2E471J	Carbon 470Ω ± 5% 1/4W

# PARTS LIST

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
R342	RD14BB2E223J	Carbon 22kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	R424	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon 47Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R343	RD14CB2E393J	Carbon 39kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	R425	RD14BB2E272J	Carbon 2.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R344	RD14BB2E471J	Carbon 470Ω ± 5% 1/4W	R431	RD14CB2E102J	Carbon 1kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R345	RD14BB2E223J	Carbon 22kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	R432	RD14CB2E332J	Carbon 3.3kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R346	RD14BB2E104J	Carbon 100kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	R434	RD14CB2E911J	Carbon 910Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R347	RD14BB2E562J	Carbon 5.6kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	R435	RD14CB2E472J	Carbon 4.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R348,349	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon 4.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	R436	RD14CB2E682J	Carbon 6.8kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R350,351	RD14BB2E102J	Carbon 1kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	R437	RD14CB2E472J	Carbon 4.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R352	RD14BB2E471J	Carbon 470Ω ± 5% 1/4W	R438	RD14CB2E202J	Carbon 2kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R353	RD14BB2E222J	Carbon 2.2kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	R439	RD14CB2E472J	Carbon 4.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R354	RD14CB2E181J	Carbon 180Ω ± 5% 1/4W	R440	RD14CB2E682J	Carbon 6.8kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R355	RD14CB2E102J	Carbon 1kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	R441	RD14CB2E332J	Carbon 3.3kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R356	RD14CB2E333J	Carbon 33kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	R442	RD14BB2E682J	Carbon 6.8kΩ ± 5% 1/4W
R357	RS14GB3D153J	Metal film 15kΩ ± 5% 2W	R443,444	RD14BB2E330J	Carbon 33Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R358	RD14BB2E104J	Carbon 100kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	R445	RD14BB2E221J	Carbon 220Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R359 ~ 361	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon 4.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	R446	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon 100Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R362	RD14BB2E153J	Carbon 15kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	R447	RD14CB2E470J	Carbon 47Ω ± 5% 1/4W
R363	RD14BB2E272J	Carbon 2.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W			
R364	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon 4.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	VR301	R01-3502-05	Semi-fixed resistor (S302) 10kΩB
R365	RD14BB2E102J	Carbon 1kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	VR302	R12-8501-05	Semi-fixed resistor 2.2kΩB
R366	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon 47Ω ± 5% 1/4W	VR303	R01-2507-05	Semi-fixed resistor (S301) 5kΩB
R367	RD14BB2E153J	Carbon 15kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	VR304	R12-1033-05	Semi-fixed resistor 2.2kΩB
R368	RD14BB2E2R2J	Carbon 2.2Ω ± 5% 1/4W	VR305	R12-1028-05	Semi-fixed resistor 4.7kΩB
R369	RD14BB2E153J	Carbon 15kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	VR306 ~ 308	R12-3040-05	Semi-fixed resistor 22kΩB
R370	RD14BB2E152J	Carbon 1.5kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	VR309	R12-0513-05	Semi-fixed resistor 680ΩB
R371	RD14BB2E561J	Carbon 560Ω ± 5% 1/4W	VR310	R12-0502-05	Semi-fixed resistor 100ΩB
R372	R92-0709-05	Carbon 3MΩ ± 1% 1/2W	VR311	R12-3040-05	Semi-fixed resistor 22kΩB
R373	RN14BK2H1004F	Metal film 1MΩ ± 1% 1/2W	VR312	R12-3041-05	Semi-fixed resistor 10kΩB
R374	RN14BK2H5003F	Metal film 500kΩ ± 1% 1/2W	VR313	R12-1028-05	Semi-fixed resistor 4.7kΩB
R375	RN14BK2E3003F	Metal film 300kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	VR321	R12-0516-05	Semi-fixed resistor 150ΩB
R376,377	RN14BK2E1003F	Metal film 100kΩ ± 1% 1/4W			
R378	RN14BK2E4702F	Metal film 47kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	<b>CAPACITOR</b>		
R379	RN14BK2E1802F	Metal film 18kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	C301	CQ93M1H103K	Mylar 0.01μF ± 10%
R380	RN14BK2E9101F	Metal film 9.1kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	C302,303	C91-0531-05	Dipped mica 100pF ± 5%
R381	RD14BB2E222J	Carbon 2.2kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C304	CQ93M1H103K	Mylar 0.01μF ± 10%
R382	RD14BB2E123J	Carbon 12kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C307	CC45CH1H020C	Ceramic 2pF ± 0.25pF
R383	RD14BB2E103J	Carbon 10kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C308	CE04BW1H010M	Electrolytic 1μF 50WV
R384	RN14BK2E3301F	Metal film 3.3kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	C309,310	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%
R385	RD14BB2E332J	Carbon 3.3kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C311,312	CE04BW1H010M	Electrolytic 1μF 50WV (Non-poler)
R386	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon 4.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C314	CC45CH1H330J	Ceramic 33pF ± 5%
R387	RD14BB2E223J	Carbon 22kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C315	CQ93M1H103K	Mylar 0.01μF ± 10%
R388	RD14BB2E682J	Carbon 6.8kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C316	CC45CH1H020C	Ceramic 2pF ± 0.25pF
R389	RN14BK2E2401F	Metal film 2.4kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	C317	CE04BW1H010M	Electrolytic 1μF 50WV (Non-poler)
R390	RD14CB2E332J	Carbon 3.3kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C318,319	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%
R391	RD14BB2E821J	Carbon 820Ω ± 5% 1/4W	C320	CE04BW1H010M	Electrolytic 1μF 50WV (Non-poler)
R392	RD14BB2E182J	Carbon 1.8kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C321	CE04W1H3R3	Electrolytic 3.3μF 50WV
R393	RD14BB2E822J	Carbon 8.2kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C322	CM93BD2A470J	Mica 47pF ± 5%
R394,395	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon 4.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C323	CQ93M1H332J	Mylar 3300pF ± 5%
R396	RD14BB2E392J	Carbon 3.9kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C324	CM93BD2A221J	Mica 220pF ± 5%
R397	RD14BB2E302J	Carbon 3kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C325	CE04W1C101Q	Electrolytic 100μF 16WV
R398	RD14BB2E392J	Carbon 3.9kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C326	CC45SL1H470J	Ceramic 47pF ± 5%
R399	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon 4.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C328	C91-0517-05	Polypropylen 0.47μF ± 1%
R400	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon 47Ω ± 5% 1/4W	C329	C91-0516-05	Polypropylen 4700pF ± 1%
R401	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon 4.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C330	CM93BD2A330J	Mica 33pF ± 5%
R402	RD14BB2E332J	Carbon 3.3kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C331	CQ93M1H474J	Mylar 0.47μF ± 5%
R403	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon 100Ω ± 5% 1/4W	C332	CQ93M1H472J	Mylar 4700μF ± 5%
R404	RN14BK2E1301F	Metal film 1.3kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	C333	CK45D1H331M	Ceramic 330pF ± 20%
R405,406	RD14BB2E392J	Carbon 3.9kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C334	CC45CH1H680J	Ceramic 68pF ± 5%
R407	RN14BK2E1301F	Metal film 1.3kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	C335	CC45CH1H050C	Ceramic 5pF ± 0.25pF
R408	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon 100Ω ± 5% 1/4W	C336	CM93BD2A390J	Mica 39pF ± 5%
R409,410	RD14BB2E102J	Carbon 1kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C337	CC45CH1H470J	Ceramic 47pF ± 5%
R411	RN14BK2E3000F	Metal film 300Ω ± 1% 1/4W	C338	CE041WC101Q	Electrolytic 100μF 16WV
R412	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon 47Ω ± 5% 1/4W	C339	CK45D1H471M	Ceramic 470pF ± 20%
R413,414	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon 100Ω ± 5% 1/4W	C340	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%
R415,416	RS14GB3F472J	Metal film 4.7kΩ ± 5% 3W	C341,342	CE04W1A221	Electrolytic 220μF 10WV
R417	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon 4.7kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C343,344	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%
R418	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon 22Ω ± 5% 1/4W	C345,346	CE04W1C101Q	Electrolytic 100μF 16WV
R419	RD14BB2E153J	Carbon 15kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C347	CE04W2C100	Electrolytic 10μF 160WV
R420	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon 47Ω ± 5% 1/4W	C348	CC45SL1H221J	Ceramic 220pF ± 5%
R421	RD14BB2E102J	Carbon 1kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C349	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01μF ± 20%
R422	RD14BB2E474J	Carbon 470kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C351 ~ 352	C90-0298-05	Semi-conductor ceramic 0.1μF + 80%, - 20%
R423	RD14BB2E561J	Carbon 560Ω ± 5% 1/4W	C354	C90-0298-05	Semi-conductor ceramic 0.1μF + 80%, - 20%

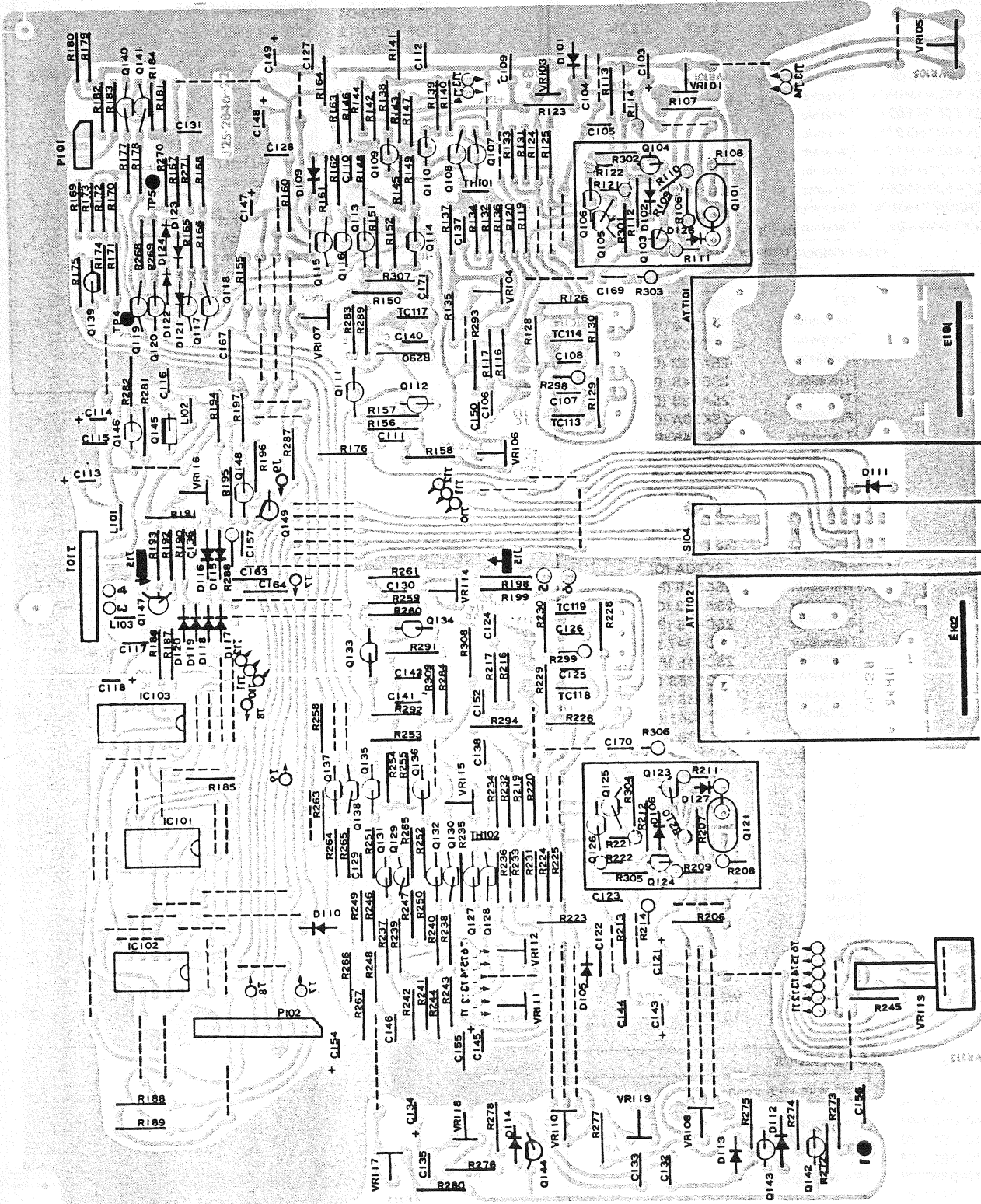
# PARTS LIST

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
C355,356	CE04W1A470	Electrolytic 47 $\mu$ F 10WV	—	J21-2869-04	Bracket (for p.c. board)
C357,358	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 20%	—	J25-2872-13	Printed circuit board
C359	CE04W1A470	Electrolytic 47 $\mu$ F 10WV	—	J25-2859-14	Printed circuit board
C361	CE04W1A470	Electrolytic 47 $\mu$ F 10WV	—	J61-0501-15	Supporter (for p.c. board)
C363	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 20%	L301	L40-4701-03	Ferri-inductor 47 $\mu$ H
C365	C90-0298-05	Semi-conductor ceramic 0.1 $\mu$ F + 80% - 20%	L302	L40-3311-03	Ferri-inductor 330 $\mu$ H
C367	CC45CH1H050C	Ceramic 5pF $\pm$ 0.25pF	L303,304	L40-1511-03	Ferri-inductor 150 $\mu$ H
☆ C368	CK45B1H102K	Ceramic 1000pF $\pm$ 10%	L305,306	L40-4711-03	Ferri-inductor 470 $\mu$ H
C371	CK45D1H331M	Ceramic 330pF $\pm$ 20%	L308	L40-4711-03	Ferri-inductor 470 $\mu$ H
C372	CC45CH1H100D	Ceramic 10pF $\pm$ 0.5pF	S301	S29-3501-05	Rotary switch
C373	CK45B1H102K	Ceramic 1000pF $\pm$ 10%	S303	S37-2005-05	Lever switch (MODE)
C374 ~ 379	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic 0.01 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 20%	S304	S32-4008-05	Lever switch (COUPLING)
C380	CE04BW1H010M	Electrolytic 1 $\mu$ F 50WV (Non-poler)	S305	S33-2501-05	Lever switch (SOURCE)
TC302	C05-0404-05	Ceramic trimmer 10pF	—	R92-0150-05	Jumper wire (resistor type)
<b>SEMICONDUCTOR</b>					
Q301		FET 2SK30A (O)	—	A22-0815-03	Sub panel
Q302		FET 2SK228T1-2 or 3			
Q303,304		Transistor 2SC1047 (C)			
Q305		Transistor 2SA733 (Q)			
Q306		Transistor 2SC945 (P)			
Q307		Transistor 2SA733 (Q)			
Q308		FET 2SK30A (GR)			
Q309 ~ 315		Transistor 2SC945 (P)			
Q316		Transistor 2SA838 (C)			
Q317		Transistor 2SC945 (P)			
Q318		FET 2SK30A (O)			
Q319,320		Transistor 2SC945 (P)			
Q321		Transistor 2SC1047 (C)			
Q322		Transistor 2SC945 (P)			
Q323		FET 2SK30A (O)			
Q324		Transistor 2SC945 (P)			
Q325		Transistor 2SA733 (Q)			
Q326,327		Transistor 2SC945 (P)			
Q328		Transistor 2SC1047 (C)			
Q329 ~ 332		Transistor 2SC945 (P)			
Q333,334		Transistor 2SC1953 (R)			
Q335		Transistor 2SA733 (Q)			
Q341		Transistor 2SC1047 (C)			
Q342		Transistor 2SA838 (C)			
Q343,344		Transistor 2SC1047 (C)			
IC301		IC NE529N			
IC302 ~ 304		IC SN74S00N			
IC305		IC SN74S02N			
IC306		IC SN74S112N			
D301 ~ 313		Diode 1S1555			
D317		Diode 1S1555			
D318		Diode 1S1587			
D319 ~ 322		Diode 1S1555			
D323,324		Diode 1S1587			
D325 ~ 330		Diode 1S1555			
D331		Zener diode WZ-071			
D341 ~ 343		Diode 1S1555			
<b>MISCELLANEOUS</b>					
J308	E31-0628-05	Lead wire with connector			
P301,302	E23-0047-04	Terminal			
P303	E40-0367-05	Pin connector 3P			
P304,305	E40-0567-05	Pin connector 5P			
P306	E40-0667-05	Pin connector 6P			
P307	E40-0367-05	Pin connector 3P			
P308	E40-0964-05	Pin connector 9P			
—	E04-0251-05	BNC jack			
—	E15-0501-05	Socket (for LED)			
—	F01-0231-14	Heat sink			

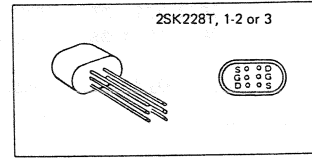
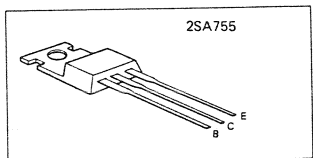
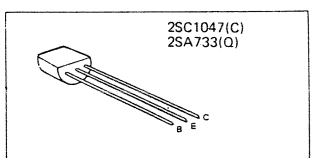


# P.C. BOARD

X73-1340-00

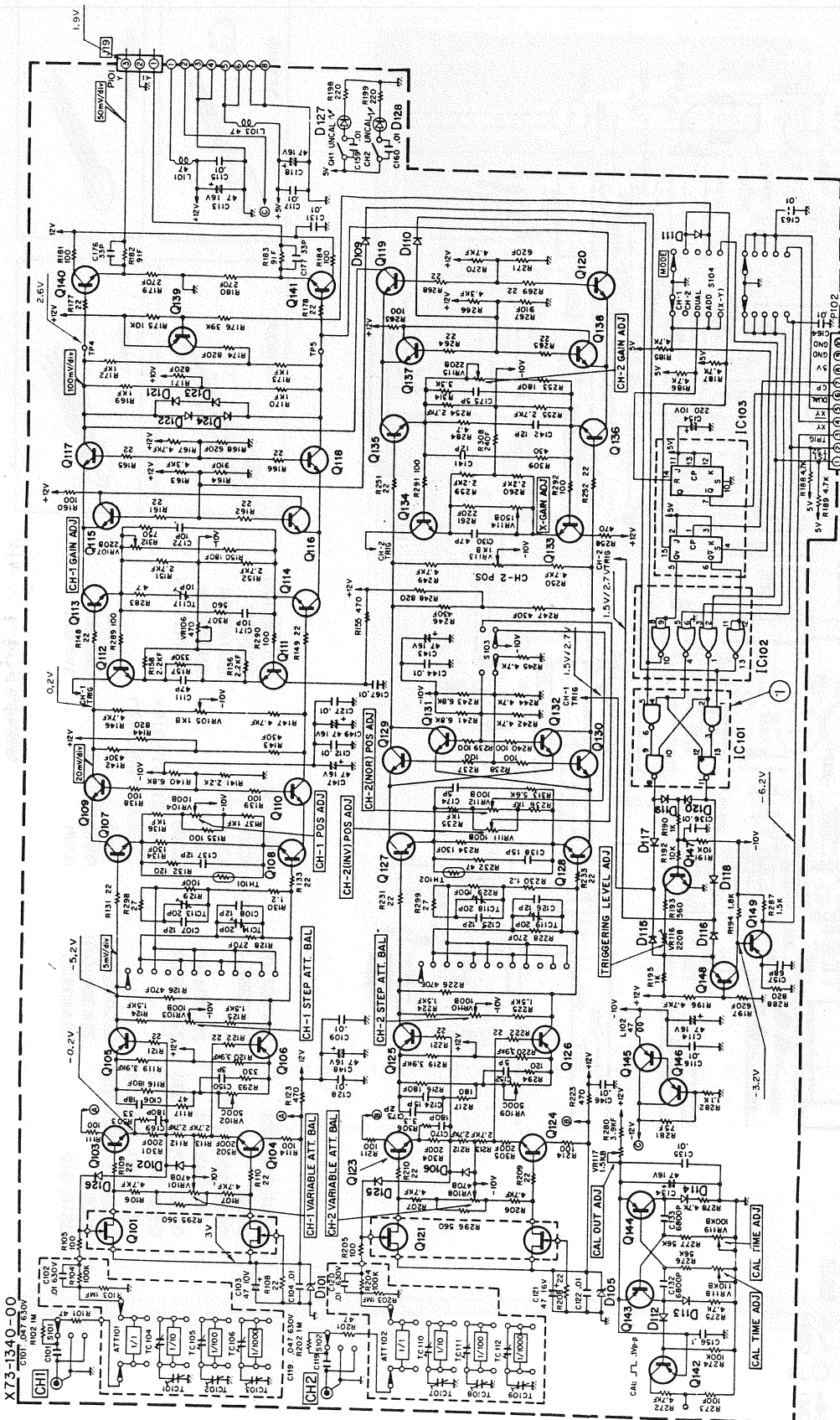


- Q101, 121 :2SK228T, 1-2 or 3
- Q103, 104, 107~120, 123, 124, 127~138, 140, 141, 147 :2SC1047(C)
- Q105, 106, 125, 126, 148, 149 :2SA838(C)
- Q139, 142~144, 146 :2SA733(Q)
- Q145 :2SA755
- IC101 :SN74S00N
- IC102 :SN74S02N
- IC103 :SN74S112N
- TH101, 102 :SDT-1000
- D101, 105 :YZ-030
- D127, 128 :AR4133S
- D102, 106, 109~111, 113~124 :IS1555
- D112 :IN60
- D103, 104, 107, 108 :IS1587



# CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

X73-1340-00

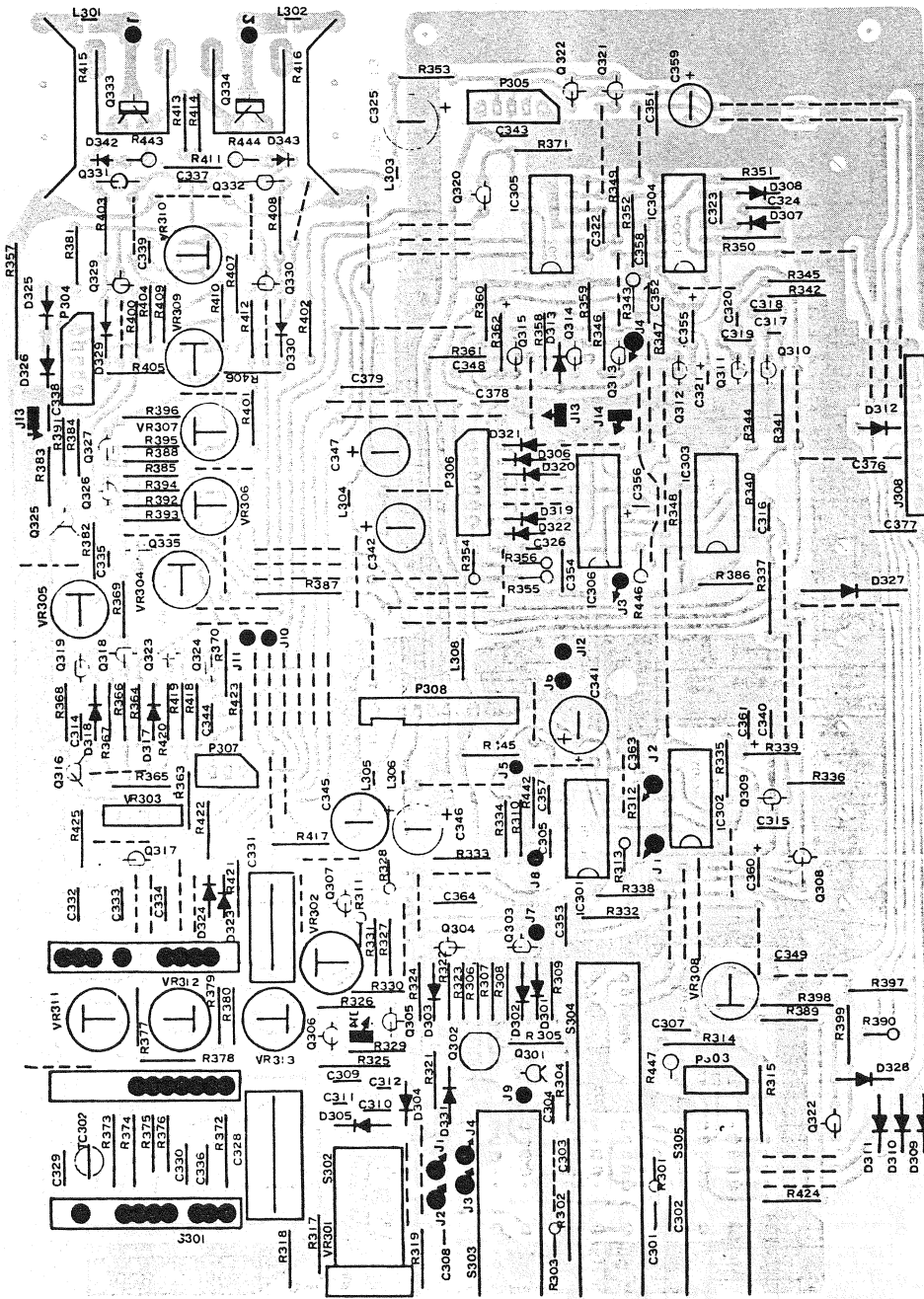


MODE SWITCH	IC101 PIN NO.8	IC101 PIN NO.11
CH1	0	1
CH2	1	0
DUAL	TRIG MODE	TRIG MODE
ADD	0	0
X-Y	1	0

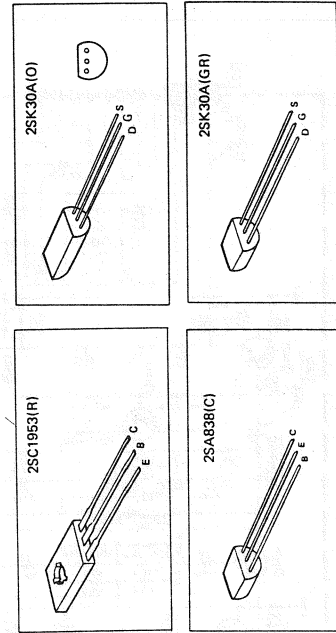
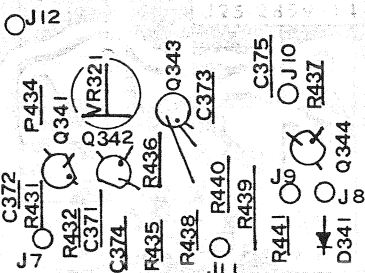
(TRIG MODE in ALT)  
 0 = TTL Low level  
 1 = TTL High level

# P.C. BOARD

X74-1150-00



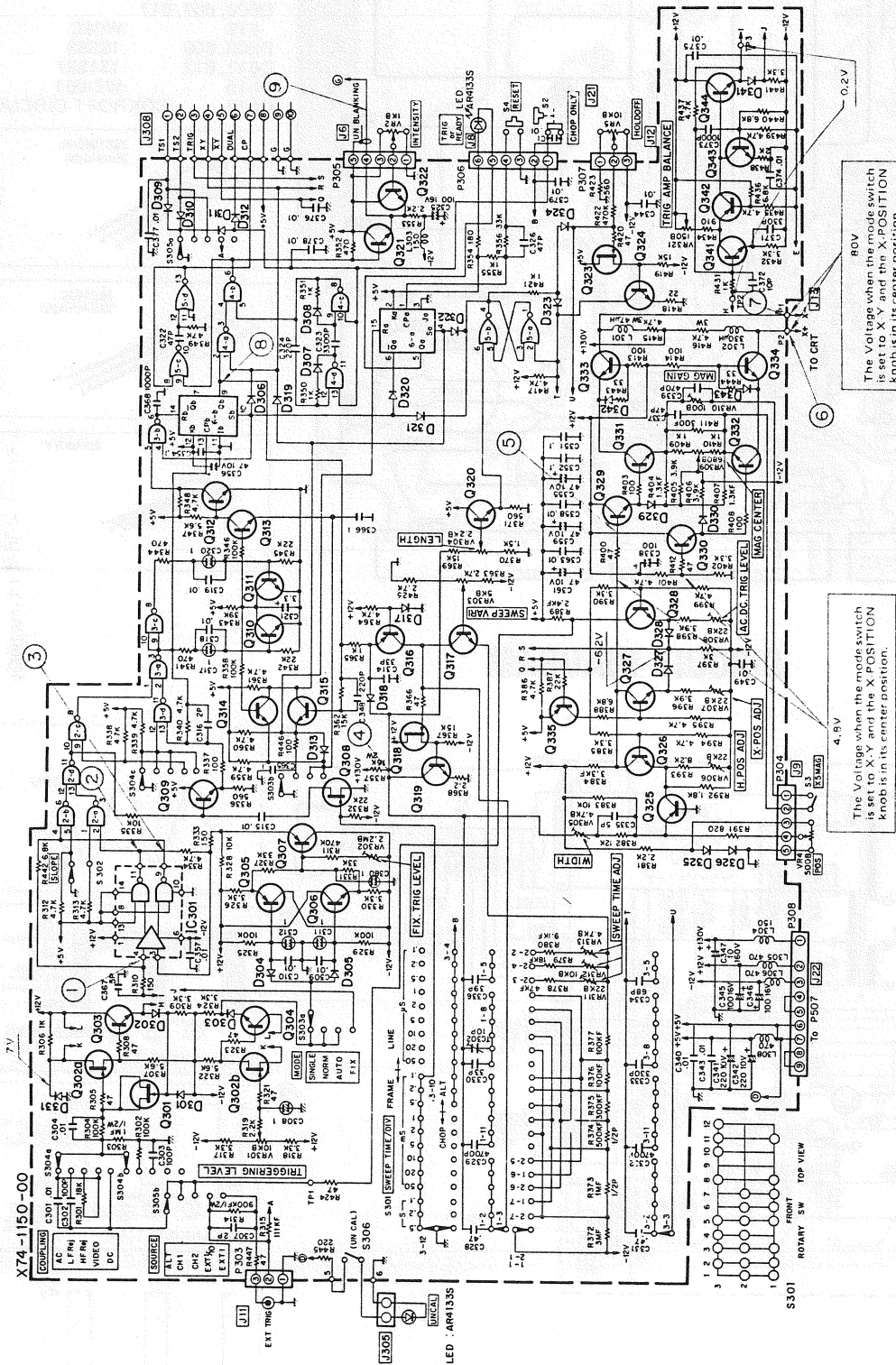
X74-1150-00

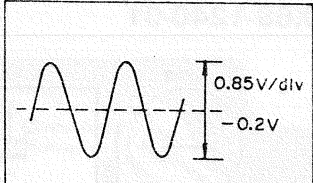
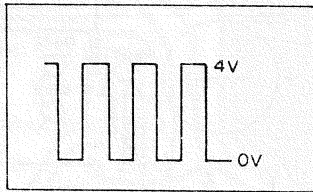
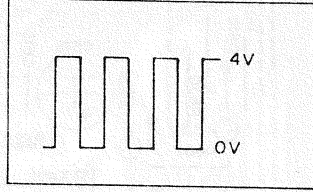
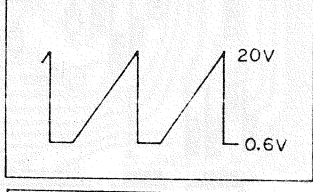
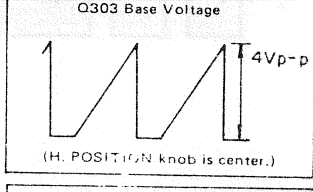
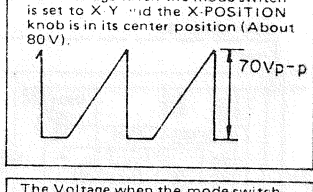
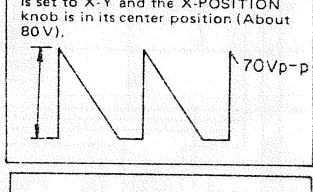
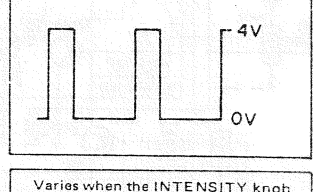
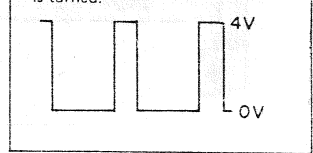


- |                      |                    |                     |             |
|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| Q301, 318, 323       | :2SK30A(O)         | Q333, 334           | :2SC1953(R) |
| Q302                 | :2SK228T, 1-2 or 3 | IC301               | :NE529N     |
| Q303, 304, 321, 328, |                    | IC302~304           | :SN74S00N   |
| 341, 343, 344        |                    | IC305               | :SN74S02N   |
| Q305, 307, 325, 335  |                    | IC306               | :SN74S112N  |
| Q306, 309~315, 317,  |                    | D301~313, 317, 319~ |             |
| 319, 320, 322, 324,  |                    | 322, 325~330, 341~  |             |
| 326, 327, 329~332    |                    | 343                 | :1S1555     |
| Q308                 | :2SC945(P)         | D318, 323, 324      | :1S1587     |
| Q316, 342            | :2SK30A(GR)        | D331                | :WZ-071     |
|                      | :2SA838(C)         |                     |             |

# CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

X74-1150-00



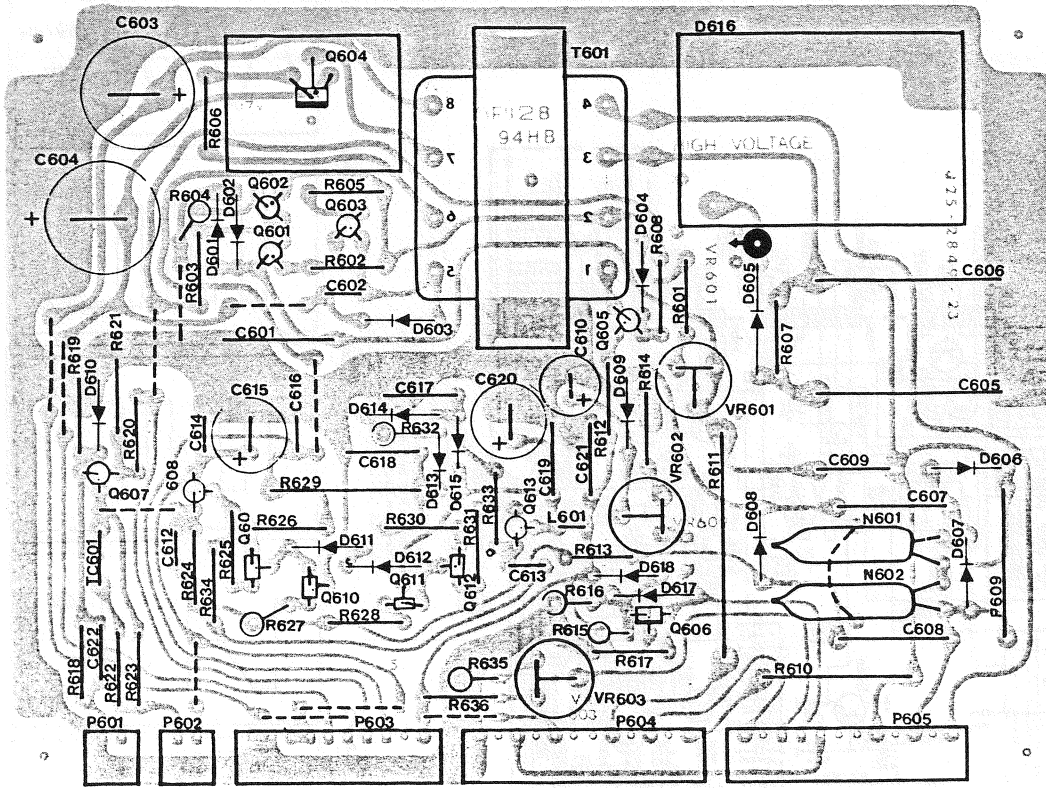
- ① 
- ② 
- ③ 
- ④ 
- ⑤ 
- ⑥ 
- ⑦ 
- ⑧ 
- ⑨ 

The Voltage when the mode switch is set to X-Y and the X-POSITION knob is in its center position.

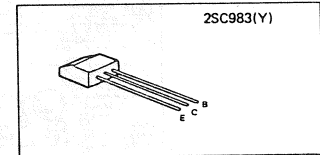
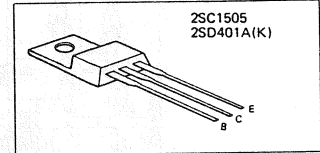
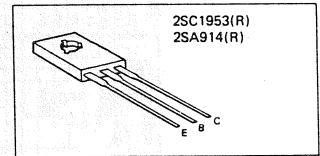
The Voltage when the mode switch is set to X-Y and the X-POSITION knob is in its center position.

# P.C. BOARD

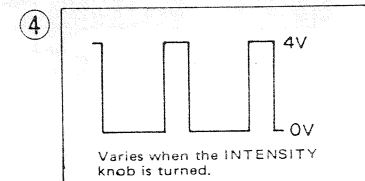
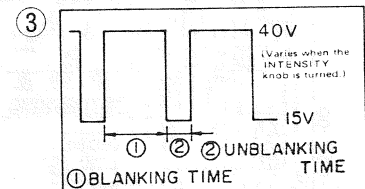
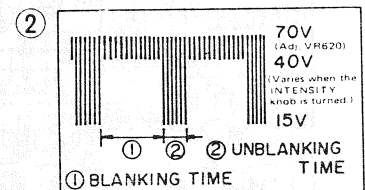
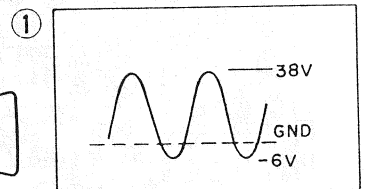
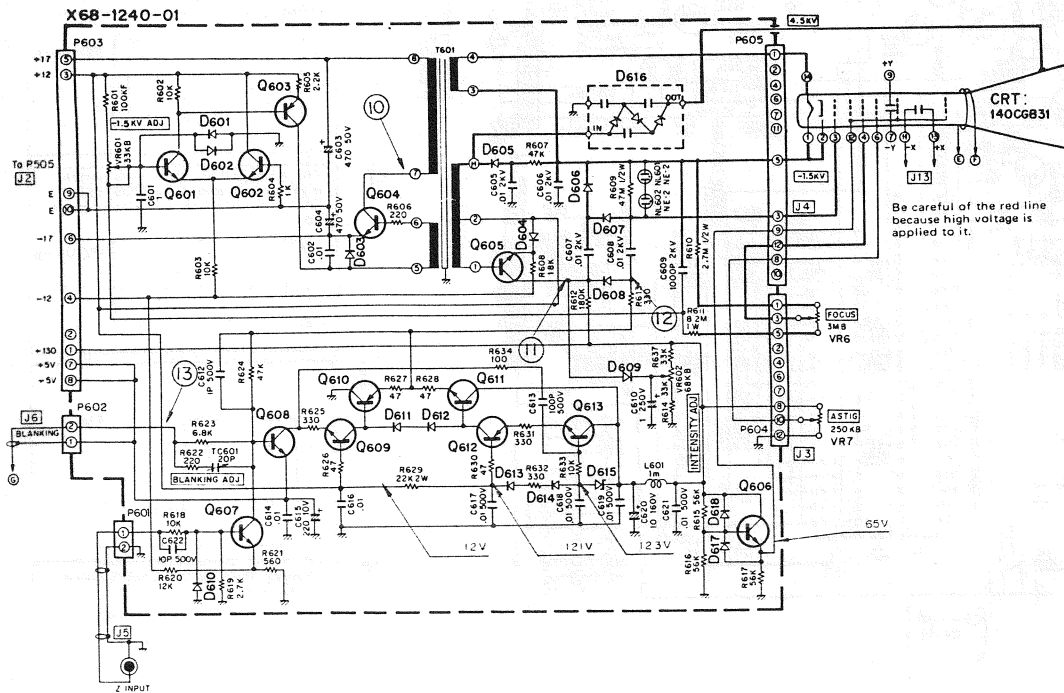
X68-1240-01



Q601, 602	:2SC945(P)
Q603	:2SA733(Q)
Q604	:2SD401A(K)
Q605	:2SC983(Y)
Q606	:2SC1505
Q607	:2SC1047(C)
Q608, 613	:2SC1973
Q609, 611	:2SC1953(R)
Q610, 612	:2SA914(R)
D601~604, 610	:1S1555
613, 614	:Y16JA
D605	:W06C
D606, 607, 617	:1SS83
618	:1S1587
D608, 609	:WZ-061
D611, 612	:COKROFT CIRCUIT
D615	
D616	

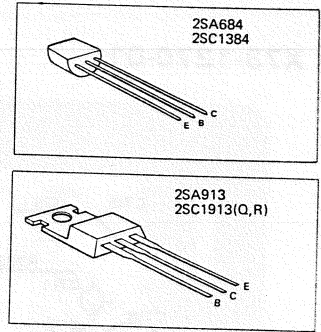
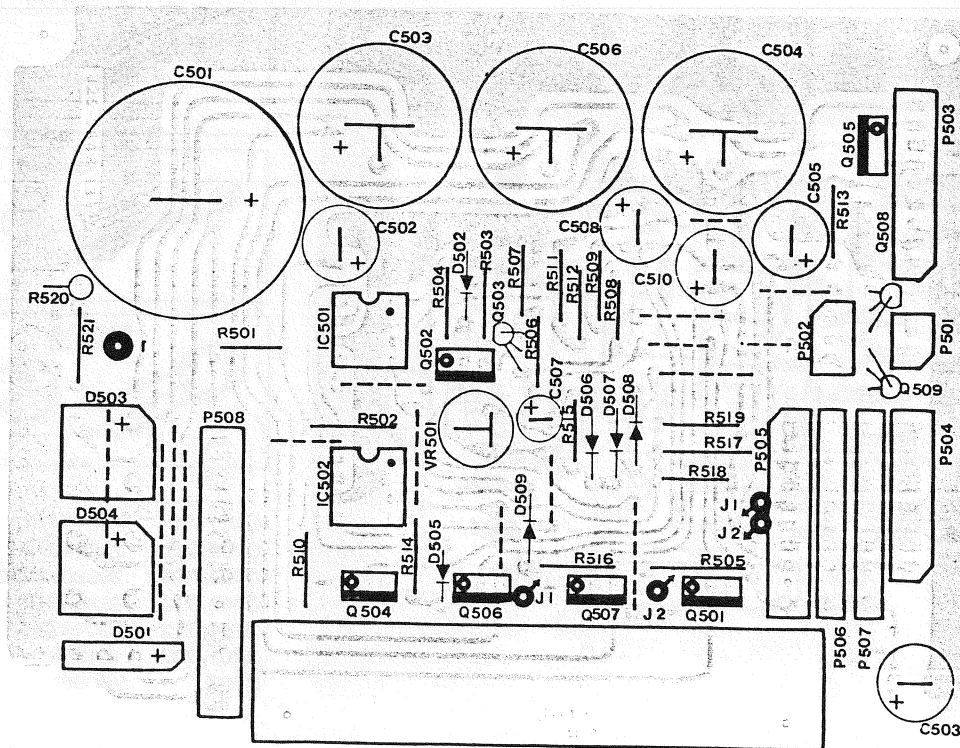


## CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



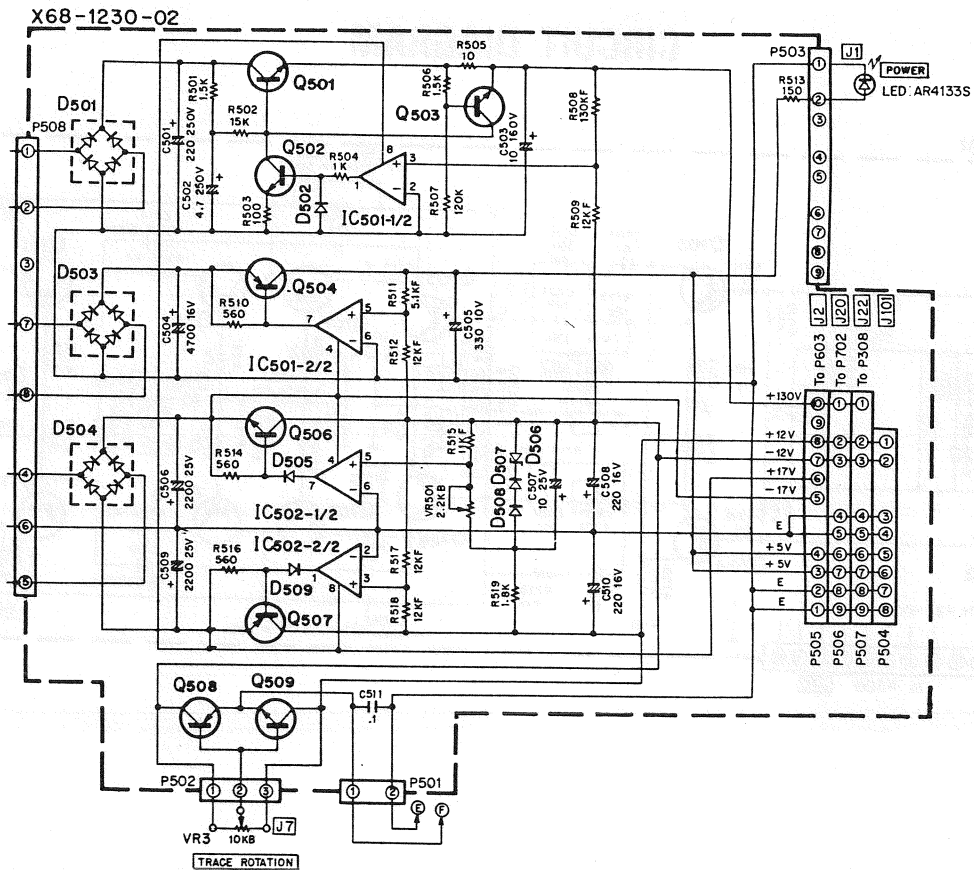
# P.C. BOARD / CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

X68-1230-02



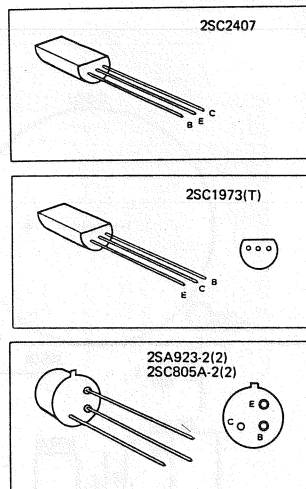
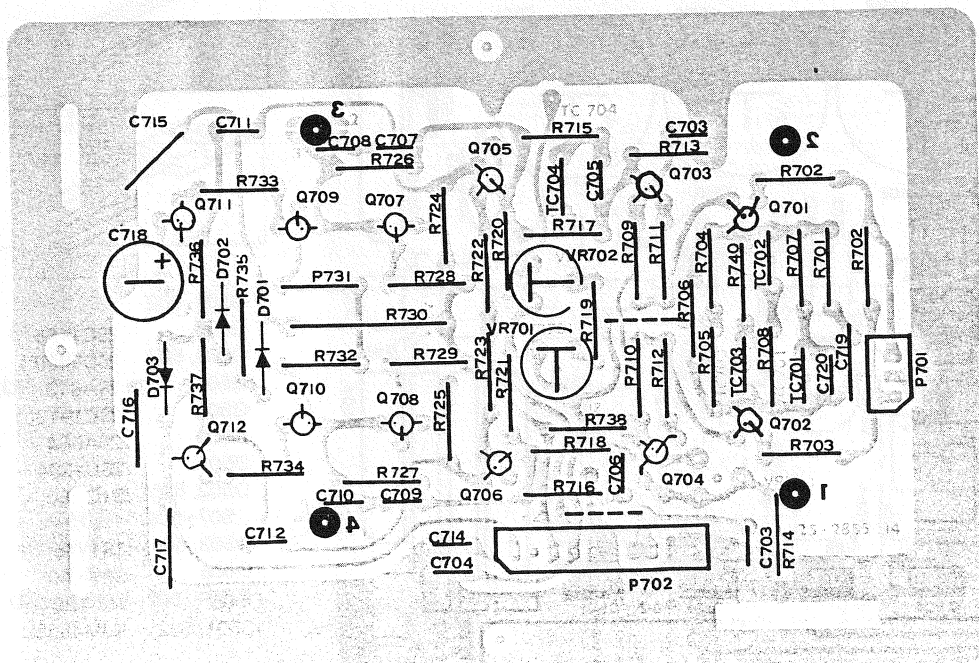
- Q501, 502 :2SC1505
- Q503 :2SC945(P)
- Q504, 507 :2SA913
- Q506 :2SC1913(Q,R)
- Q508 :2SA684
- Q509 :2SC1384
- D501 :S1QB60
- D502, 505 :1S1555
- D503, 504 :S2VB40
- D506 :WZ-120
- IC501, 502 :NJM4558D

## CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



# P.C. BOARD

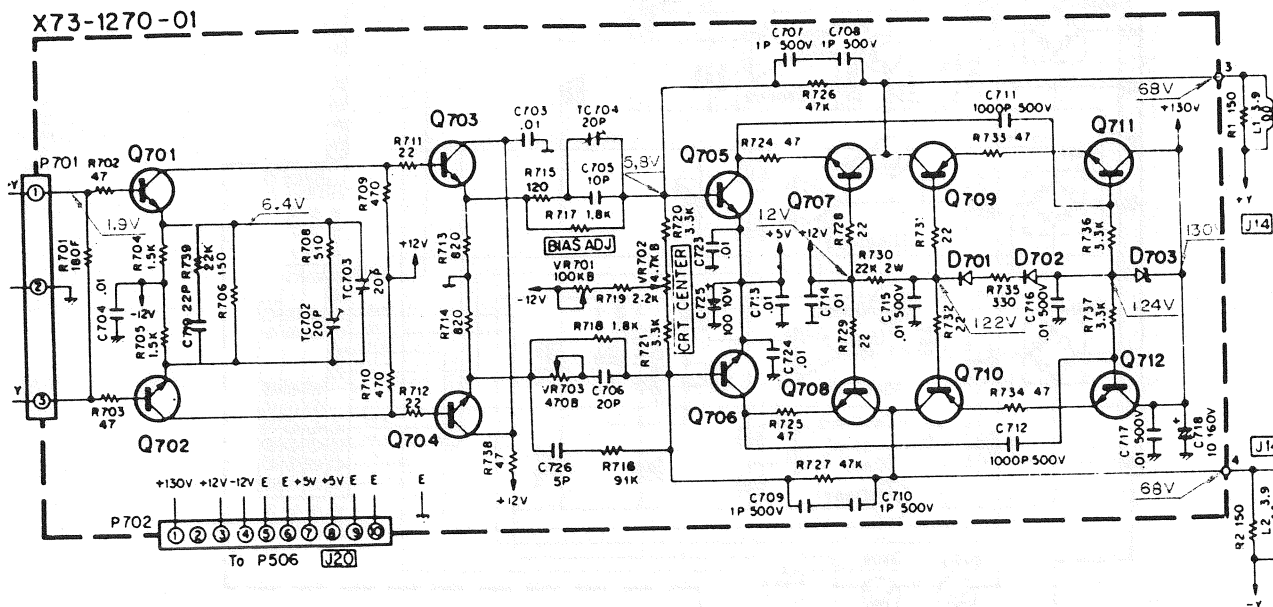
X73-1270-01



- Q701~704 :2SC1047(C)
- Q705, 706 :2SC2407
- Q707, 708 :2SC805A-2(2)
- Q709, 710 :2SA923-2(2)
- Q711, 712 :2SC1973(T)
- D701, 702 :1S1555
- D703 :WZ-061

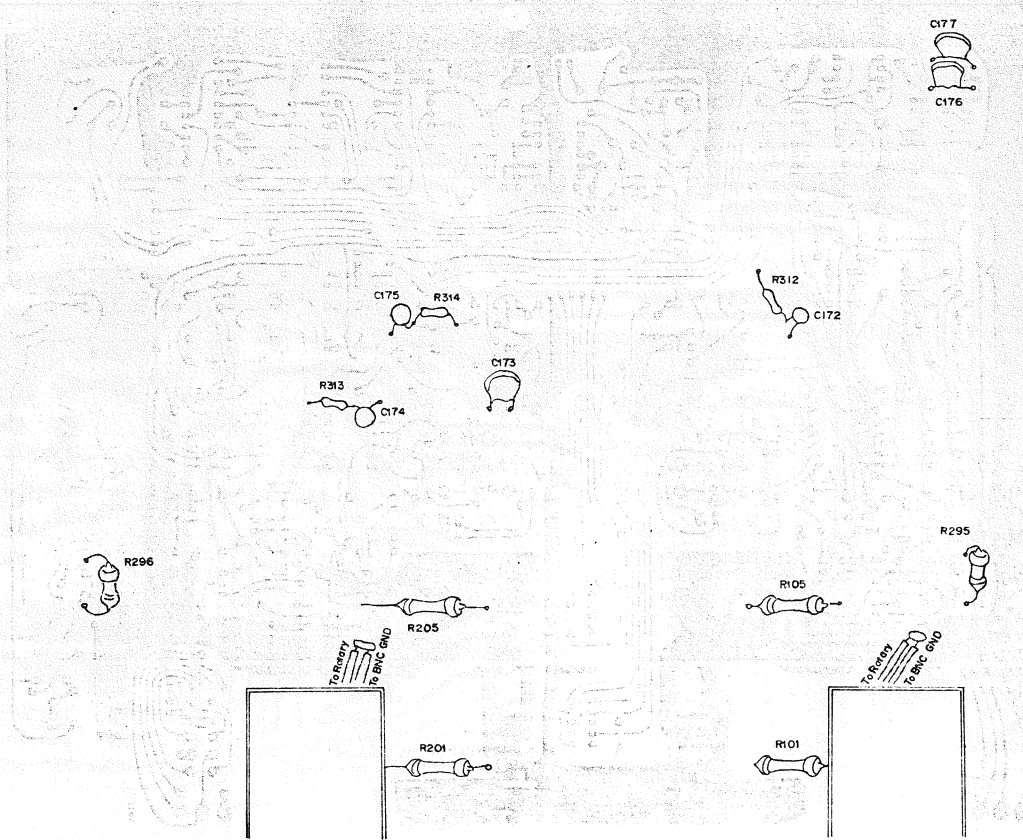
# CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

X73-1270-01

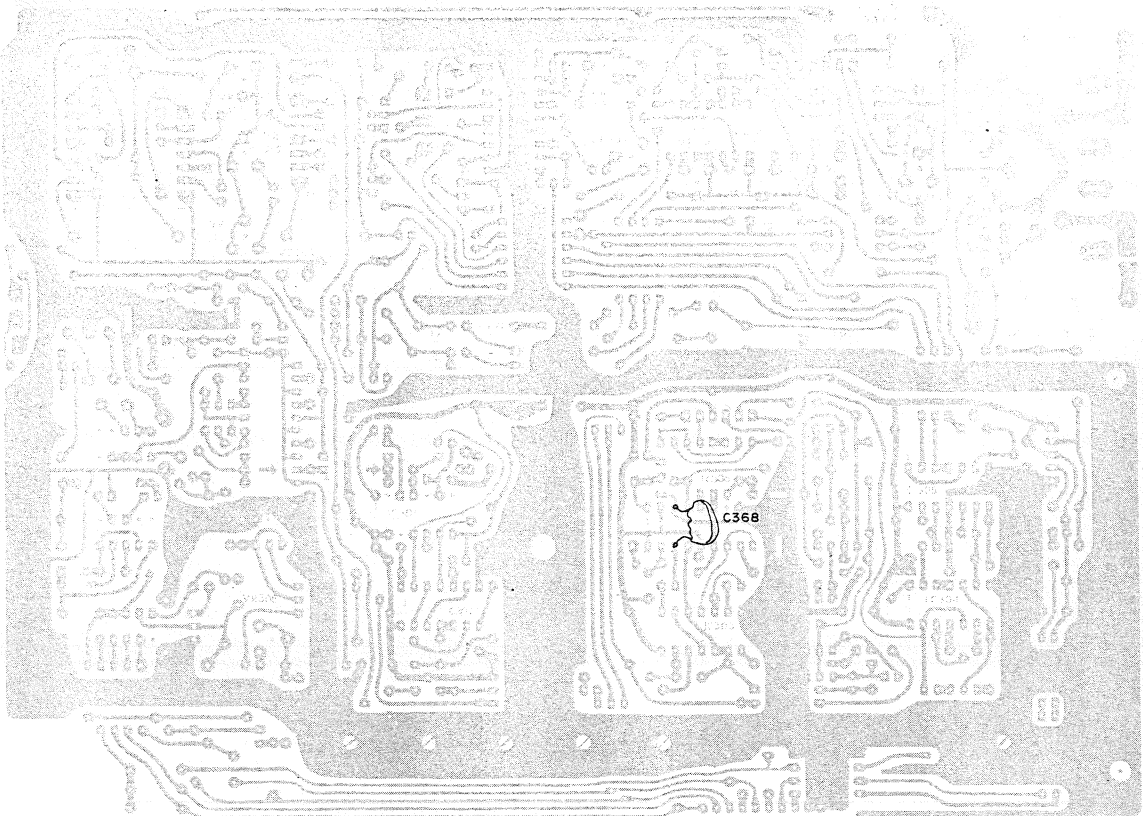


# P.C. BOARD (on under side of p.c. board)

X73-1340-00



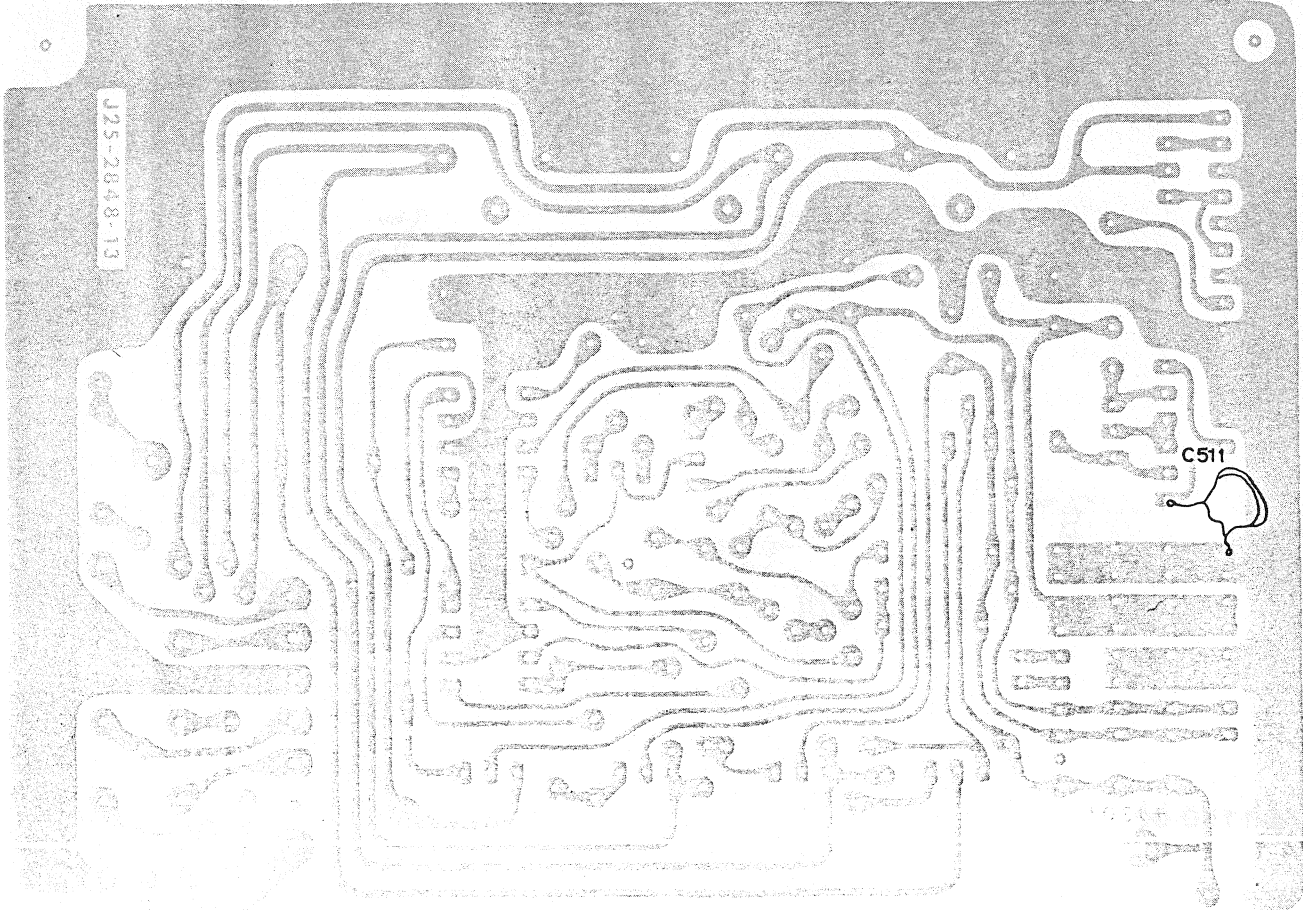
X74-1150-00





**P.C. BOARD** (on under side of p.c. board)

X68-1230-02



# PARTS DESCRIPTION

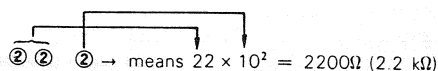
## Note

Only special type of resistors (example: cement, metal film, etc.) and capacitors (example: electrolytic, tantalum, mylar, temp. coeff. capacitors) are detailed in the PARTS LIST. For the value of all common type components, refer to the schematic diagram of the P.C. board illustration. Resistors not otherwise detailed are carbon type (1/4W or 1/8W). Order carbon resistors and capacitors according to the following example:

A carbon resistor's part number is RD14BY 2E222J.

A ceramic capacitor's number is CK45F1H103Z, CC45TH1H220J.

## 3. Resistance value



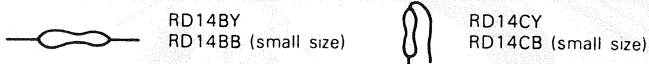
Example 221 → 220Ω      223 → 22 kΩ      225 → 2.2 MΩ  
222 → 2.2 kΩ      224 → 220 kΩ

## 4. Tolerance

J = ±5% (Gold)      K = ±10% (Silver)

## RESISTOR

### 1. Type of the carbon resistor



### 2. Wattage

1W → 3A      3W → 3F      5W → 3H  
2W → 3D      4W → 3G

3' = CC45 ○ ○ ...

Ceramic capacitor (type I) temperature coeff. capacitor 1' 3'.

1st word (Color)	C (Black)	L (Red)	P (Orange)	R (Yellow)	S (Green)	T (Blue)	U (Violet)
ppm/°C	0	-80	-150	-220	-330	-470	-750

3 = CK45 ○

Ceramic capacitor (type II) 3

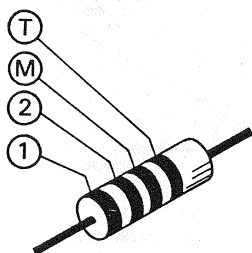
Cord	B	D	E	F
Operating temperature °C	-30 +85	-30 +85	-30 +85	-10 +70

6 = Tolerance

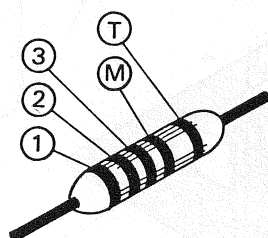
Cord	C	D	G	J	K	M	X	Z	P	No cord
(%)	±0.25	±0.5	±2	±5	±10	±20	+40 -20	+80 -20	+100 -0	More than 10 μF -10 ~ +50 Less than 4.7 μF -10 ~ +75

Less than 10 pF

Cord	B	C	D	F	G
(pF)	±0.1	±0.25	±0.5	±1	±2



COMPOSITION RESISTORS



METAL-FILM RESISTORS

①② and ③ - 1ST, 2ND, AND 3RD SIGNIFICANT FIGS.

Ⓜ - MULTIPLIER Ⓣ - TOLERANCE;

ⓉC - TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT.

## CAPACITORS

### Type I

CC 45 TH 1H 220 J      CK 45 F 1H 103 Z

1' 2 3' 4 5 6      1 2 3 4 5 6

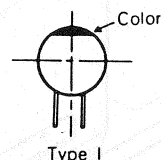
1 = Type ..... ceramic, electrolytic, etc.      4 = Voltage rating  
2 = Shape ..... round, square, etc.      5 = Value  
3 = Temp range      6 = Tolerance  
3' = Temp coefficient

### Type II

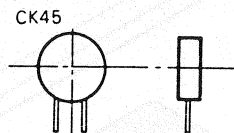
Ex. CC45TH = -470 ±60 ppm/°C

2nd Word	G	H	J	K	L
ppm/°C	±30	±60	±120	±250	±500

CC45



Type I



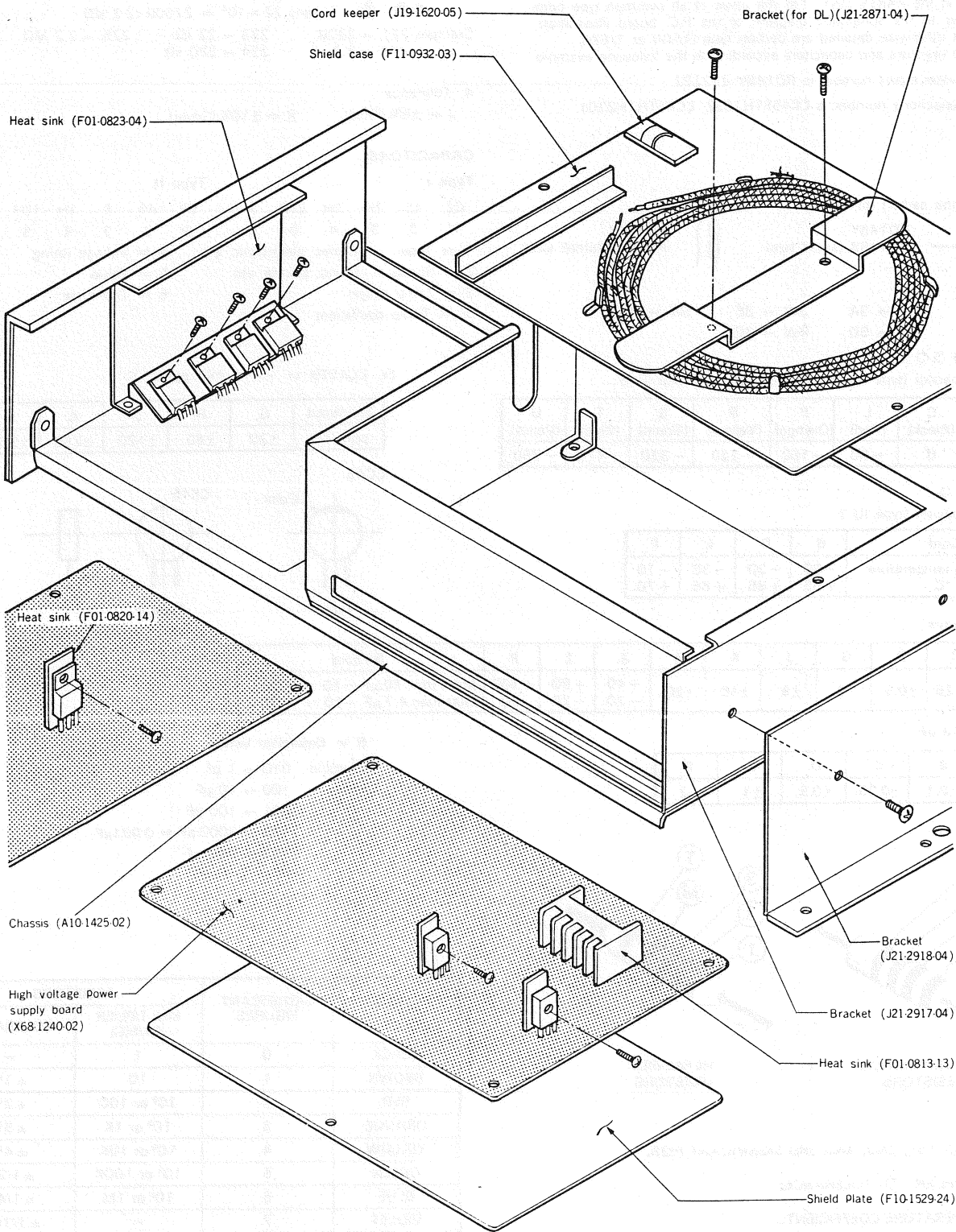
Type II

## 5 = Capacitor value

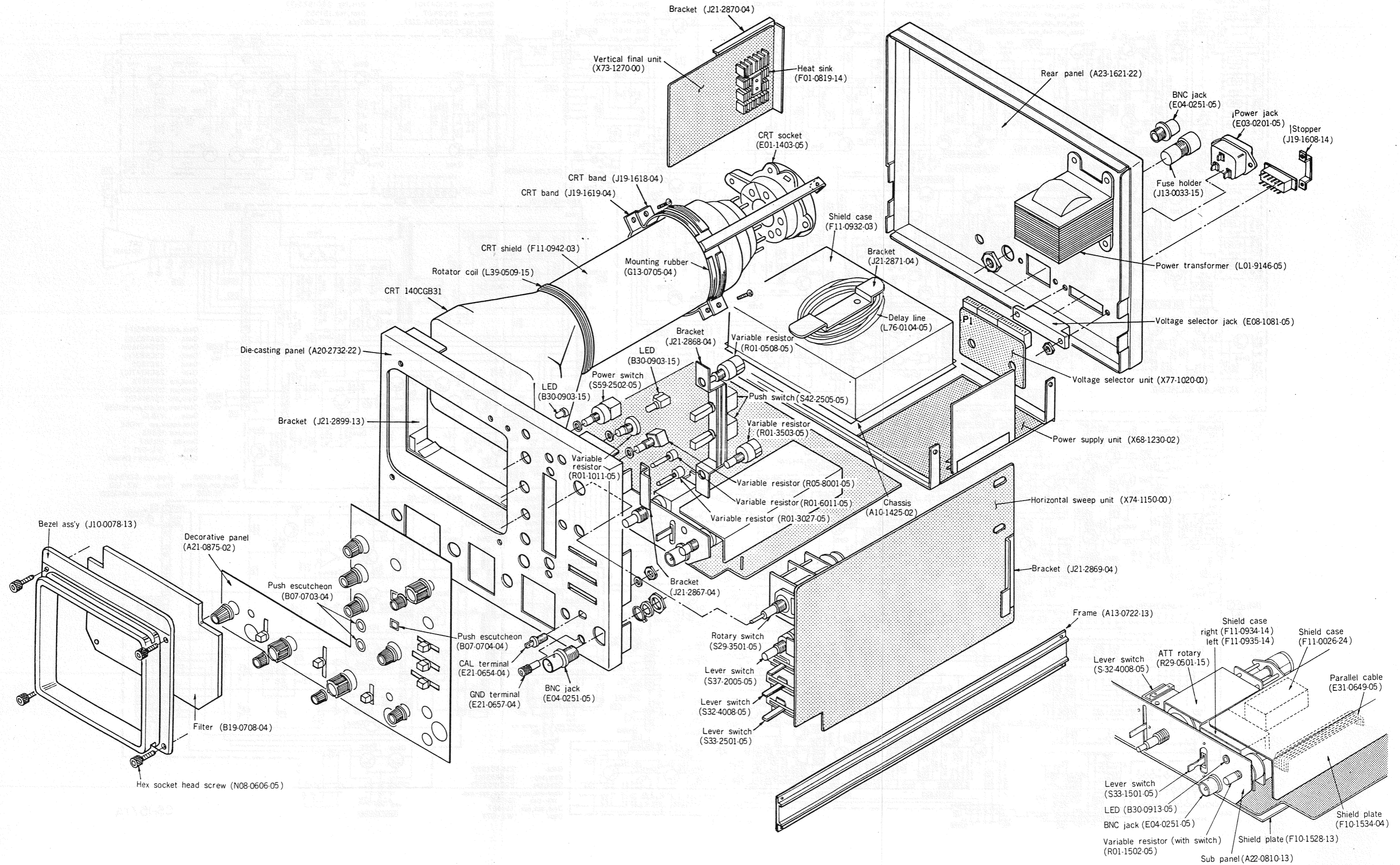
Example: 010 → 1 pF  
100 → 10 pF  
101 → 100 pF  
102 → 1000 pF = 0.001 μF  
103 → 0.01 μF

COLOR	SIGNIFICANT FIGURES	RESISTORS	
		MULTIPLIER (OHMS)	TOLERANCE
BLACK	0	1	-
BROWN	1	10	±1%
RED	2	10 <sup>2</sup> or 100	±2%
ORANGE	3	10 <sup>3</sup> or 1K	±3%
YELLOW	4	10 <sup>4</sup> or 10K	±4%
GREEN	5	10 <sup>5</sup> or 100K	±1/2%
BLUE	6	10 <sup>6</sup> or 1M	±1/4%
VIOLET	7	-	±1/10%
GRAY	8	-	-
WHITE	9	-	-
GOLD	-	10 <sup>-1</sup> or 0.1	±5%
SILVER	-	10 <sup>-2</sup> or 0.01	±10%
NONE	-	-	±20%

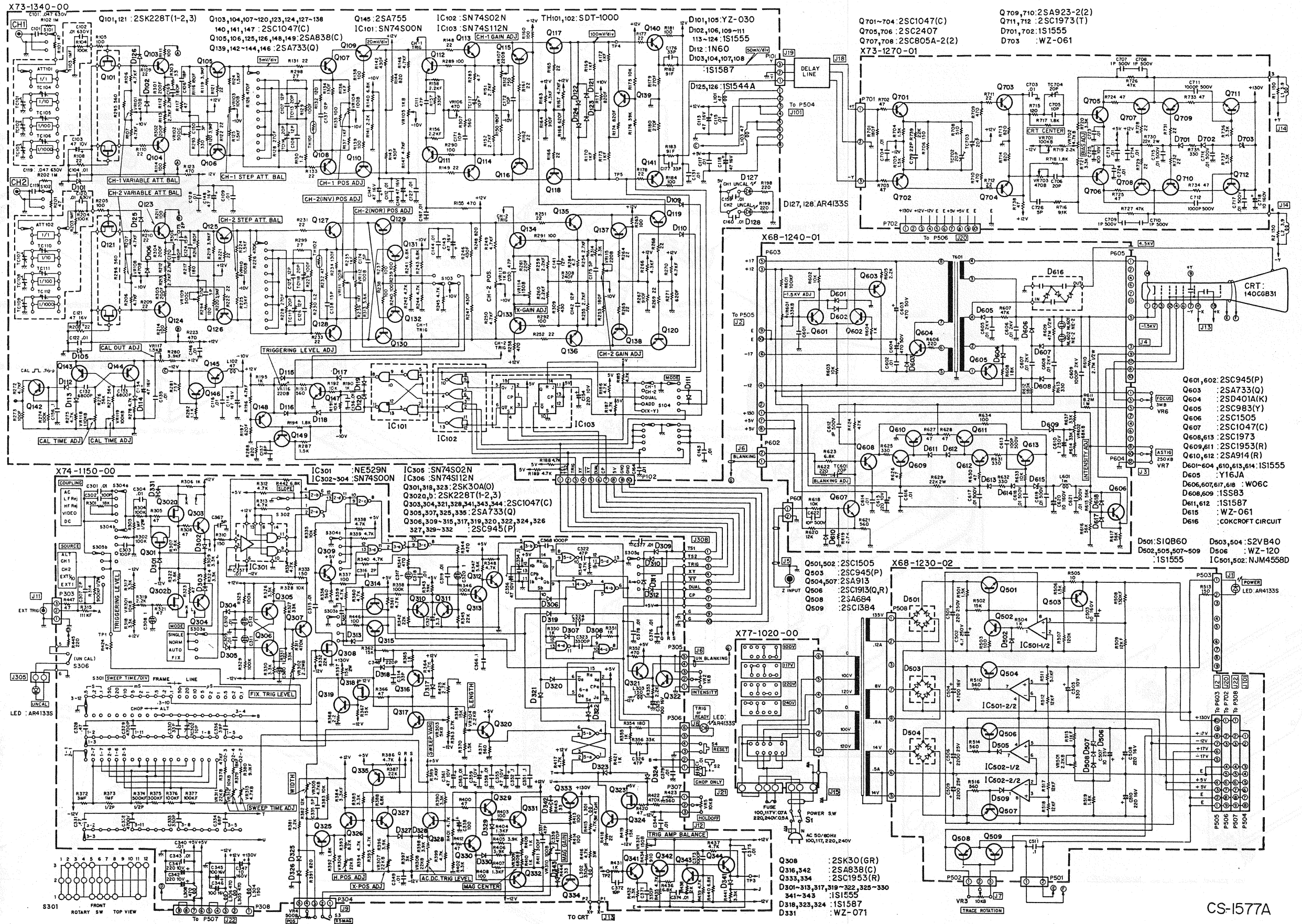
# DISASSEMBLY



# DISASSEMBLY



# CIRCUIT SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

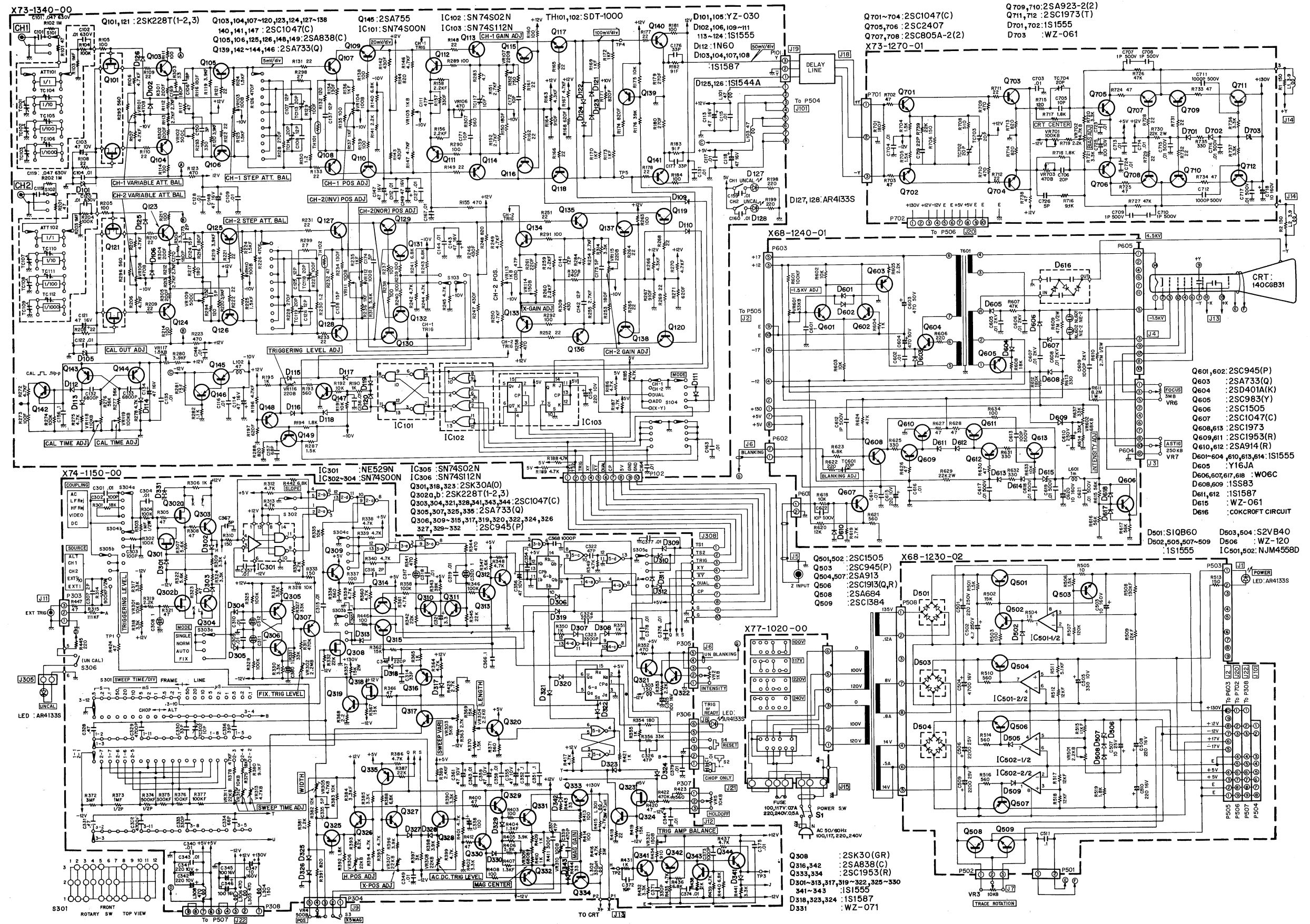


Q701~704: 2SC1047(C)  
 Q705,706: 2SC2407  
 Q707,708: 2SC805A-2(2)  
 X73-1270-01  
 Q709,710: 2SA923-2(2)  
 Q711,712: 2SC1973(T)  
 D701,702: 1S1555  
 D703: WZ-061

Q601,602: 2SC945(P)  
 Q603: 2SA733(Q)  
 Q604: 2SD401A(K)  
 Q605: 2SC983(Y)  
 Q606: 2SC1505  
 Q607: 2SC1047(C)  
 Q608,613: 2SC1973  
 Q609,611: 2SC1953(R)  
 Q610,612: 2SA914 (R)  
 D601~604,610,613,614: 1S1555  
 D605: Y161A  
 D606,607,617,618: WOGC  
 D608,609: 1S583  
 D611,612: 1S1587  
 D615: WZ-061  
 D616: COKCROFT CIRCUIT

D501: SIQB60  
 D502,505,507~509  
 : 1S1555  
 D503,504: S2VB40  
 D506: WZ-120  
 IC501,502: NJM4558D

Q308: 2SK30(GR)  
 Q316,342: 2SA838(C)  
 Q333,334: 2SC1953(R)  
 D301~313,317,319~322,325~330  
 341~343: 1S1555  
 D318,323,324: 1S1587  
 D331: WZ-071





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